reventing Love.

or, 4379.0258

GOD'S LOVE

TO US,

The Cause of our Love to him.

BEINGA

SERMON

Preached on I John iv. 19.

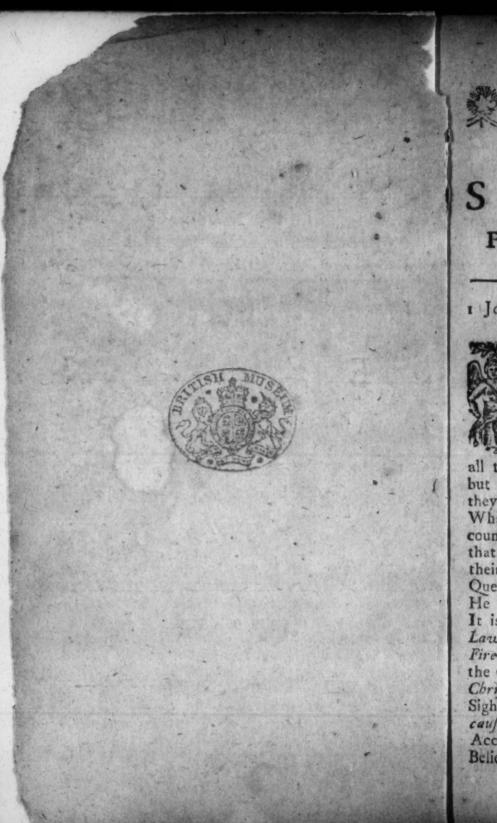
After the Administration of the SACRAMENT of the LORD'S SUPPER at Portmonk, June 3 1723.

By Mr. RALPH ERSKINE Minister of the Golpel at Dumfermling.

God, but that he hoved us, and fent his Son to be the Propitiation for our Sins,

BELFAST

Printed for ROBERT JOHNSTON, Bookfeller in Bridgestreet, M,DCC,LXIV.



F

學是學生學生學生學是學

A

SERMON

Preached at Portmonk, June 3d, 1723.

I JOHN iv. 19. We loved bim, because be first loved us.



HE great Design of the Gospel, Gospel Ordinances and Sacraments, is to commend the Love of God in Christ. The Sacrament of the Supper is a Love-Feast, and they that have their Senses spiritually exercised therein, will find readily

all their Senses filled with Love. What do they bear but Love? What do they fee but Love? What do they tafte but Love? What do they feel but Love? What do they smell but Love? It is a sweet Account we have of God, ver. 16. O happy they that have so learned the Gospel-Catechilm from their Experience, as to be able to answer to that Question, What is God? And to fay, God is Love: He is Effential, Boundless, Bottomless, Infinite Love. It is true, if me look to him in the Glass of the Law, we will fee him to be all Wrath, a confuming Fire out of Christ; but look to him in the Glass of the Gospel, and you'll see him all Love, a God in Christ reconciling the World to himself, and the Sight thereof produces Love; for we love him, because be first loved us. The Text gives us a short Account of the whole Bufiness betwixt God and a Believer. They love one another: Here is Love descending, descending, God in Christ loving his Saints; and here is Love ascending, the Saints in Christ loving God, and the former begetting the latter. When Love hath descended from Heaven to Earth, it hath finished the Half of its Course; when it ascends from Earth to Heaven again, then the Circle is compleated.

Here is, 1. A Description of God's Loue; he loved us first. 2. A Description of our Love to God; we love him for this Cause. And, (1.) We have God's Love described; He first loved us. If we were to make a critical Division, we might notice how it is described. If, In the Act loved. O wonder that ever the Heart of God should have acted that Way towards any Sinner of Adam's Race. 2dly, The Subject loving, He loved: O! a glorious He, the infinitely holy and just God. 3dly, The Object loved; he loved Us, poor wretched apostate us. 4thly, The Quality of this Love, he loved us, and first loved us; intimating, both that it is ancient Love, for it is in the preterite Time, he loved, yea loved from Eternity; and also that it is antecedent Love, be first loved us before we had a Being, before we were capable to love him, yea while we were yet Enemies. We have the Saints Love described, we love him, because he loved us, which is also described in these four. (1.) The Act of Love; and indeed this Love of ours is but a Drop of the Ocean of his Love. (2.) The Subject loving we, we Believers, we that have got a Taste of his Love. (3.) the Object beloved, him, we love, him, who deferves our Love above all Things in Heaven and Earth. (4.) The Rife and Source of this Love of ours, we love him, because he first loved us; his Love is the incentive and productive Cause of our Love. But I refer the further Explication of the Text to the Profecution of a Doctrine

Many Things might here be observed: As, 1st, None can truly love God, but such as are beloved of bim. Many speak of the Love of God, as if it were natural to them: But as true Love is a Spark of heavenly Fire, so there is no Love natural to Man, but

but the in the of him. he love by he a com Creatu only, v That L with t Confic buy H the gr Prodig Athly, To the them ; he lov becau God's us wi bimfe why w but th him k create O, b lovely his o of G we lo en t upon is the Auen Cauf Now

their

To I

Love

and but the Love of Sin. 2dly, That God bath a People loving n Love finished Earth ated. e loved d; we God's vere to wit is er that t Way , The the inloved: y, The loved for it from be first ere caiemies. im, bethefe s Love e that ect be-Love a-) The e him. centive fer the tion of As, 1/t, wed of

it were

of hea-

Man,

but

in the World that love bim, because they are loved of bim. There is in God a common Love, whereby he loved the whole World, and a special Love whereby he loves the Saints, and so there is in the Saints a common Love, by which they love all God's Creatures, and a peculiar Love that belongs to God only, whom they prize above all other Things. 3dly. That Divine Love works freely. God does not trade with us upon any Terms, Conditions, or valuable Confiderations in and about us. We can neither buy Heaven nor beg it, it must be given : Let not the greatest Civilian presume; let not the greatest Prodigal despair; God's Love is first on the Fleld. 4thly, That as God and his Saints love one another, so the Reason of Saints loving God, is God's loving them; there is no Reason of God's Love, but because he loves. But there is Reason enough for our Love. because be loved us. The Believer loves God upon God's Account, and for good Reason; God loves us without any Reason, or any Cause from without bimicli, but we have all the Reason in the World why we should love God. Many fay, they love Christ, but they have not any Reason for it; they that Love him know why they do fo. There are three Things create Love, Beauty, Interest, Love. 1. Beauty, and O, but Christ is white and ruddy, and altogether lovely. 2. Interest, the more a Man sees Christ to be his own, the more he loves him. 3. Love, the Love of God is the great Parent of Love, it begets Love. we love him because he first loved us. But having taken this short View of the Text, the Doctrine I fix upon is this, OBSERVATION, God's Love to bis People is the Source of their Love to him; their Love is in-Auenced by the Faith of his Love, his Love is the Cause of theirs, We love him because he first loved us. Now the general Method that feems most native is, 1. To speak of God's Love to his People. 2. Of the Saints. Love to God. 3. The Influence his Love bath upon theirs as the Cause of it. 4. Apply. 1st Head, 1. To speak of God's Love to his People;

and indeed to speak of it is to speak of that which is unspeakable and unconceivable, for it passes Knowledge; only we may notice a few Things that the Scripture fays of this Love. I would offer some Remarks anent this Love of God, and then shew more particularly the Import of this Expression, be first loved us. 1. I would offer some Remarks anent the Love of God Remark 1 That the Fountain of this Love is God the Father. Love begins in order of Nature with the Father, hence fays Christ, I will not Say, that I will pray the Father for you, for the Father bimfelf loweth you, John xvi. 26. Chrift prays for all the Fruits and Flowings of the Father's Love to his People, but not for the Father's Love it felf. You mistake greatly, Sirs, if you think that Christ doth purchase and pray for the Father's Love to his People; nay, it was the Father's Love that fent Christ to purchase all the Fruits and Communications of his Love. God so loved the World, &c. The Love of God cannot be purchast, there is no need of any Mediation here, I will not fay that I will pray the Father in this respect, for the Father himself loves you. Here is the Fountain of the Love. But Remark, 2. That the Channel thro' which this Love of God does run from this Fountain, is the Lord Fefus Christ; God's Love does not vent it self towards any Sinner, to the Disparagement of his infinite Holiness and Justice, and therefore it vents and flows in and through Christ, Whom God bath fet forth to be the Propitiation thro' Faith in his Blood, to declare, &c. Rom. iii 25. God hath taken a marvellous Way to manifest his Love : When he would thew his Power, he makes a World, when he would shew his Wildom. he put it in a Frame and Form that discovered vast Wisdom, when he would manifest the Grandeur and Glory of his Name more, he makes a Heaven, and puts Angels, Arch-angels, Principalities and Powers therein; and when he will manifest Love, what will he not do? It is a pity we should deny this Love, because God hath taken such a great and mysterious Way of manifesting it in Christ, his Death, his Blood,

his Strea in th ty, I of P ing ' thefe this ! that the ! are this enjo 13. Chri Spir is n Lov Gra Fell fron Cha vey ven the mer tha info ftra ing to fho upo Lo the cat en Lo

we

tifi

Ot

which is Knowthat the ome Rew more be first nent the n of this r of Nawill not the Faift prays r's Love e it felf. t Christ e to his hat fent nications c. The need of vill pray elf loves But Re-Love of d Fesus towards ite Hoid flows forth to declare. ous Way nis Porv-Wildom, red vaft deur and en, and Powers hat will ove, beysterious

is Blood,

his

his Righteousness; here is the Channel. 3. The Streams of Divine Love that flow from this Fountain in this Channel are wastly great, Pardon, Peace, Safety, Adoption, Justification, Sanctification, Audience of Prayer, a Bleffing on all Providences, and everlafting Triumph in Heaven. I cannot enlarge upon thefe, or any other of the Streams that flow from this Love of God; the Streams are fo many, fo great that we should lose our selves there as well as in the Fountain, if we were to dive thereinto; only we are bleffed in Christ with all Spiritual Bleffings, and this Love of God, and all the Fruits of it, is to be enjoyed in the Fellowship of the Spirit, 2 Cor. xiii. 13. where we read of the Grace of the Lord Fefus Christ, the Love of God, and the Communion of the Spirit, where Christ is first mentioned, because he is next to us, as being the Channel thro' which the Love of God is vented, and this Love of God, and Grace of Christ is enjoyed in the Communion and Fellowship of the holy Ghost, and that this Love is from the Father as the Fountain, in the Son as the Channel, by the holy Ghoft as the immediate Conveyance. 4. The Veffels into which thefe Streams are vented, or this Love is poured, are Sinners, even to them it is declared that he is the Lord, The Lord God merciful and gracious, pardoning Iniquity, &c. and that God is Love. This Motto, that God is Love, is inscribed on the Gates of Heaven, and none will think strange of that, because the Love of God in bringing any Sinner of Adam's Race there, is manifelted to the highest. But we would think strange, if one should fay that this is even the Inscription written upon the Gates of Hell, that God is Love; why his Love to himself, and his own Justice is manifested there, yea not only fo, but Millions are damned, because they slight redeeming Love, and their Conscience galls them for contemning all the Offers of Love. But that which concerns us especially, is, that we may read this Inscription daily upon the beautiful Gate of the Temple, I mean in Gospel Ordinances, that God is Love, for therein he manifelts

(8)

his Love to Sinners, even to Sinners of Adam's Family in the general Dispensation of the Gospel, and particularly to the Vessels of Mercy, in the special Operation of the Spirit upon them in the Fulness of Time, wherein he hath designed to pour out his Spirit, and so to pour in his Love. But to omit ma-

ny Things here,

I come 2. To shew the particular import of this. Expression, He first loved us. And I. It says, That his Love is eternal Love, and from everlasting; He first loved us. I have loved thee with an everlasting Love, Jer. xiii. 3. As it is to everlafting, so it is from everlafting, as it will never have an end, fo it never had a beginning, but is as ancient as the Eternal God is. O! what an amazing Thought is this, that God should have had Thoughts of Love towards any poor Sinners, like you and me, from the Beginning of his Being, which is without a Beginning. But, to prevent mistakes, you should know that the Love of God is iwofold, his Love of Deflination, and his Love of Approbation; his Love of Destination and Purpose, whereby he is said to bave chosen us in Christ before the Foundation of the World, that we should be holy, having predestinated us to the Adoption of Children, Epb. i. 4, 5. And this Love he is faid to manifest even before a Man's Conversion, 1 John iv. 9, 10. In this was manifested the Love of God towards us, because God fent bis only hegotten Son into the Word, that we might live through him. Herein is Love, not that we loved bim, but he loved us, and fent his Son to be the Propitiation for our Sin. Again, there is his Love of Approbation and Friendship, such as that spoken of, John xiv. 23. If a Man love me and keep my Words, my Father will love bim, and we will come to bim, and make our Abode with him. Now the Object of the former Love, to wit, the Love of Destination is every Elect Soul, and that from all Eternity, as well as in Time, even before their Conversion and Union to Christ, the Object of the latter, to wit, his Love of Approbation and Friendthip, is every Believer united to Christ, to whom he begins

begins for the nity in loved their I be eve a Tim is no l all the It is n them sense. even o vine I Love them, them, when Act, himse Love of Lo when the W tion. Still b first 1 As it fo it mani Love befor towa even Natu with Sin an

and !

ing i

Man

reign

r's Fael, and special ness of out his

out his nit maof this , That g; He lasting o it is end, fo as the ught is , from a Beknow Destiove of to bave World, is to the ove he erfion. Love of ten Son Herered us, er Sin. Frienda Man ll love Abode ove, to ul, and before ject of Friendom he begins

begins to manifest his everlasting Love personally; for though he loved and approved of them from Eternity in Christ, yet they cannot be said to be actually loved and approved in their own Persons, till once their Persons are unite to Christ. Tho' God's Love be everlasting and immutable as himself is, yet there is a Time wherein he begins to manifest his Love, there is no Variation or Shadow of turning in God's Love, all the Change is in the Person beloved, not in God, It is mere Blasphemy to say, that God begins to love them whom before he hated, in a proper and strict fense. It is true, the Elect are Children of Wrath even as others by Nature, whatever they are by Divine Destination, being ever the Objects of God's Love in this sense, yet in some sense he begins to love them, in respect of the manifesting of his Love to them, and the outletting of his Love upon them, when his Love is taken, not so much for his immanent Act, as for his transient Act, not for any Thing in himself, but for what flows from him to them; the Love that is in himself is still the same, but the Acts of Love that flow forth to them, these begin to appear when he manifests bimself to them as he does not to the World, when he comes to them for their Salvation, and reveals his Son in them; and here also he is still before-hand with them, he first leved us. 2. He first loved us, it says, that his Love is antecedent Love: As it is first in point of Time, yea, from all Eternity, fo it is first in point of order in Time. We cannot manifest our Love to him, till hist he manifest his Love to us. Men may feign Love to God and Christ, before they know any thing of God's Love in Christ towards them, but they truly have no Love to him, even the Elect themselves have no Love to him by Nature, they are Enemies, and without God, and without Christ in the World; buried in the Grave of Sin and Corruption even as others; dead in Trespasses and Sins, and Slaves to divers Lufts, the Devil dwelling in them, working in them, reigning in them, as a Man dwells in his House, or works in his Shop, or reigns upon his Throne; they have no more Acquaintance

(9)

(10)

quaintance with him, or Love to him than others, till by Grace they be riginerate, and made to come to God in Christ, and be raised up to a new and lively Hope. Common favours indeed they may have, and God is ay fure to notice his Elect, and to have a care of them, and many remarkable Deliverances will they meet with, even while unconverted; you will find few gracious Folk but they will have even good Tales to tell of the Lord's Kindness to them in their Youth, but yet Love and Hatred cannot be known by these things that are seen, for ill Men have had the like Deliverances, and manifold common Mercies, and common Graces perhaps also, but all this while they are Strangers to true Love to God, till once fome Rays of his everlasting Love go before them, and make way for the breaking of their Enmity, and engaging them to Love him. (3.) He first loved us, it fays, that his Love is absolutely free Love. If he first loved us, before we have any Love to him, or loveliness in us. O how free is it! His Love is free in It is Love in that it is without Force several respects. or Constraint, we must even put our selves in his Reverence, and not think to compel God, as if he could be obliged to it; nay, if we get any Thing, we must be in Grace's Debt, and ly at Grace's Door as poor Beggars for an Alms for Christ's Sake.

It is free Love in that it is without Reluctancy, it is with all his Heart. There are some Objects come to our Door, and tho we give them an Alms, yet it is with some Reluctancy, we are not so free hearted towards them as to others whom we have a Kindness for; these we will give to, with all our Heart, we give them with as much pleasure as if we were getting to our selves: So God's special Gifts are given with all his Heart, he takes pleasure in giving, he de-

lights in shewing Mercy.

It is free Love, in that it is without Merit and Motive; his Love is neither defired nor deserved, and yet he loves; I will love them freely, I'll do it undeservedly, even while they deserve to be thrust down to the lowest Hell. Not for your Sakes do I this, be it known unto you.

It is nothing nay, h thing with to

It is Condit and th testant the V bring Cond and th venan but u Thing " be tion 66 is, " and Reaso and S the L and firA l Love. can | of his ing, 2. T 3. T he pr Love of bi loves the I Ange and will

fooli

not

(11)

It is free Love in that it is without Price, he feeks nothing for what he gives, he takes nothing for it; nay, he deals with us as poor Beggars that have nothing to offer for what he gives, and nothing wherewith to recompense his Kindness after he hath given.

It is free in Opposition to all proper Terms and Conditions. Papifts tell us of the Merit of Congruity, and the Merit of Condignity, and many ignorant Protestants think they do enough when they exclude the Word Merit, but in the room of Merit they bring in a World of Conditions, and tell us upon Condition you do so and so, then God will do this and that to you; telling us, God hath made a Covenant with us, not like the Covenant of Works, but upon easier Terms, requiring only some little Things accommodated to our Weakness; " It cannot " be called Merit, fay they, for there is no proportion betwixt what we do, and what we get; it is, fay they, but as if one should hold out a Penny, " and get a Kingdom for it." Many fuch subtile Reasonings of Men there are, that tend to exalt Self, and Self-righteoufness, which would all evanish before the Light of this very Text, if viewed in a Spiritual and Evangelical manner, He first loved us. 4. He first loved us. It says, that his Love is a preventing Love, it prevents our Love, and all the Good that can be about us, for he prevents with the Bleffings of his Goodness. I might here illustrate this, by shewing, 1. The Object of his Love, whom he prevents. 2. The Time of his Love, when he prevents them. 3. The Dawning of his Love upon them, whereby he prevents them. 4. The Fruits and Effects of his Love, in them, wherein he prevents them. 1. The Object of his Love whom he prevents. If we view whom he loves, we cannot but fee it to be preventing Love; the Love of God lighted upon fallen Men, not fallen Angels, tho' much more noble and spiritual Beings, and why, even because he bath Mercy on whom be will have Mercy; his Love lighteth upon the poor, foolish, weak Nothings of this World for ordinary, not upon the wife, noble and mighty, not many

deserved,
I'll do it
be thrust

hers, till

come to

have a

nces will

vou will

en good

in their

e known

Mercies.

his while

till once

re them,

ity, and

loved us,

him, or

is free in out Force

his Re-

he could

we must

ney, it is

come to

yet it is

Kindness

leart, we

were get-

are given

g, he de-

Merit and

do I this,

fuch are called, he reveals these Things to Babes, not to the Wife and Prudent, of the World, that we may not think that outward Things, fuch as Wisdom and Learning, and worldly Advantages, move God to fet his Love upon any, even fo Father, for so it seemed Good in thy Sight; yea his Love lights ordinarily upon the most stubborn and rebellious Sinners in the World, more than upon the most civil and moral Persons, that have led a better Life than the Generality of their Neighbours, who have had more of the Righteousness of the Law than other People, who have been better natured in respect of their pleasant natural Disposition than others, and who have had a good liberal Education, fo as to be train'd up, not only in manifold Arts and Sciences but in manifold religious Duties from their Childhood. Grace many Times passes by such Persons as these. and lights upon more knobby rugged Persons. The young Man in the Gospel may be put to fay, All these things have I done from my Youth up, and yet go away from Christ, when a bloody Manasses, and perfecuting Paul are received into Favour and Mercy. In a Word, whomsoever he makes the Object of his manifested Love in Time, they are Persons unworthy of his Love, they are full of Enmity against him, and bent to backfliding from him, and wofully averfe from returning to him, that God should love Sinners, and great Sinners. O! what preventing Love is it. 2. The Time of his Love when he prevents them, does also illustrate this. Many Times he makes his Grace to light upon them, not when they are in their best Frame or Mood, but behold a Paul going to Damafcus, with the Knife in his Hand, ready to cut the Throats of the Saints, Grace outruns him, grips him, lays hold upon him, and the Love of a God in Christ overcomes him, he is made Christ's Prisoner, vanquish'd and brought to Subjection. I do not fay, that it always holds, that a Body gets the Revelation of Grace, when going on in Sin, but the first Efflux of Grace towards them is many Times when in a very bad Case; the Lord arrests them many Times when

when the Conf unde he ha thou what to th him Efau neith God, Work born, an C The ! preve fir A i dersta iectiv cially the I Perso in II Swor jesty, the] the S nemie take Infuff not c that i and (The C Daw them

any g

the le

this,

Self-

to Babes, orld, that fuch as lvantages, To Father, his Love and reupon the a better urs, who the Law atured in an others. , fo as to Sciences hildhood. as thele, is. The All these yet go aand perd Mercy. ject of his unworthy ainst him, illy averfe e Sinners, Love is it. bem, does his Grace their best Damafo cut the grips him, in Christ ner, vant fay, that elation of Efflux of hen in a ny Times when

when they have been about some wicked act of Sin. the Lord will fall in at fuch a Time upon their Conscience, fill them with Terror, and humble them under his mighty Hand, and never leave them till he hath quickened them and made them live, when thou wast in thy Blood, I said unto thee live. But what need we fay more anent the Time of his Love, to show the preventing Nature of it, than what God himself fays, Rom. ix. 11. Jacob have I loved, and Efau have I bated, the Children being not yet born, neither having done good or evil, that the Purpose of God, according to Election might fland, not of Works, but of him that called. Before the Man was born, or had done either good or evil, behold he is an Object of Divine Love, Jacob have I loved. 3. The Dawning of his Love upon them, whereby he prevents them, may further illustrate this, That be first loved us. By this Dawning of his Love, I understand not only the Love and Grace that is objectively displayed in the Glorious Gospel, but especially the first glimmering of the subjective Light, or the Dawning of the Day of Power, wherein the Person is made willing when the Gospel comes, Not in Word only, but in Power: when he girds bis Sword upon bis Thigh, even his Glory and his Majesty, as that Word may be read, Pfal. xlv. 3. For the Display of the Glory of his Grace and love is the Sword whereby he subdues and conquers his Enemies: And till this will conquering Day of Power take place, what is in the Will but Impotence and Insufficiency to think any Thing as of our selves, and not only Impotency but Aversion from every Thing that is Good, and not only Aversion but Opposition and Contrariety to the holy Nature and Will of God. The Carnal Mind is Enmity against God, &c. Dawning then of the Day of the Power to make them willing, must take Place before there can be any gracious Motion in the Soul towards God, for all the le gal Conviction and Humiliation that goes before this, works only from a Principle of Self-love and Self-preservation, till this great Master-faculty of the Soul.

Soul, the Will being conquered, carry the rest of the Head of Faculties of the Soul towards God. 4. The Fruits elves of and Effects of his Love in them, wherein he prevents for us them, and here I'll tell you some of these Things, Life of that his Love prevents, in regard that they are Life in Fruits of his Love. And, 1. His Love prevents Is not our Holiness, for that is a Fruit of his Love. I Who hope you know that Sanctification and Holiness is after a Work of God's free Grace, and so an Effect Christ of his free Love, and yet I fear you bewray nation your Ignorance of the Gospel in thinking; O of Re must I not be haly before ever God love me, must have a not a Man be somewhat holy, and therefore God Love will love him, and give him more? O great Ignorance to think so, What hast thou but what is a state thou hast received? Is not the very first beginning of Holiness from God? Is it not he that insuses the upon Habit of Grace, and takes away the Heart of given Love prevents our habitual Holiness, and also our actual Holiness, and all our good Works. Surely you may know this, for you have learned to say darke that as it is by his free Grace, that we are renew in this ed in the whole Man, after the Image of God, so it much is by the same free Grace that we are enabled more other and more to die to Sin, and live unto Righteousness Christ If any good Work, truly good, he wrought by you, it it not the Fruit of God's creating Power? For we are as we his Work-manship, created in Christ Jesus, unto good deal Works. (2.) His Love prevents our Faith, for that Repertis a Fruit of his Love. You'll say, it is true, he that must I not be haly before ever God love me, must have Works. (2.) His Love prevents our Faith, for that Reper is a Fruit of his Love. You'll fay, it is true, he that must make us holy, but must we not come to him is indefer it? Is it not upon Condition that we believe that he loves us and saves us? My dear Friends true, whence is it that we get Faith? If ever we have part true Faith, is it upon the Account of foreseer Faith that God loves any Man? That is rank Arminianism. Is it because we had Faith before? On Sanct minianism. Is it because we had Faith before? On Sanct think spun out of our own Bowels, and forged upon our own April? Can we bring Faith out of our own and the Hea

(15)

The Fruits elves out of the Grave? Nay, it is as impossible the prevents for us to believe, and raise our selves up to the Things, Life of Faith, as it is for a Carcase of Clay to put they are Life in itself; nay, is not Faith the Gift of God? they are life in itself; nay, is not Faith the Gift of God?

prevents Is not Christ the Author and Finisher of Faith?

Love. I Who says, When F am listed up, I'll draw all Mendolines is after me. It requires the same Power that raised an Effect Christ from the Dead. O then! Let not your Imagina bewray nation in this Matter cross the very first Principles oking; O of Religion, so as to think that your Faith, if you me, must have any, is the Cause of God? Love, while his effore God Love is the Cause of your Faith; be first loved us. great Ig-(3.) His Love prevents our Repentance, for that but subat is a Fruit of bis Love; Why say you, must we beginning not repent and reform, before God set his Love insulates the upon us? And ought we not by the Exercise of Heart of our common Gifts and Abilities that God hath, and so his given us, work up ourselves to something of this, a also our in order to our obtaining the Favour of God? s. Surely Wo's me for such Ignorance, and such a Gospeled to say darkening Religion, as is like to come in Fashion are renew in this Generation. O! is not Repentance as God, so it much a Gift of God, and Fruit of his Love, as any abled more other Graces and Fruits of the Spirit, Ass v 31. gheowines. Christ is exalted a Prince and a Saviour by the tay you, it greats as well as Remission of Sin. We have a great, unto good deal of Noise made about the Necessity of Gospelth, for that even as a Condition and Qualification, and its true, he take that even as a Condition and Qualification; here we believe it no Foundation in our Standards of Doctrine. It is true, he have pect Pardon without it; and so say, that none can expect a rank Ar Pardon without it; and so fay I, Holiness and fore? O Sanctification necessary in order to Justification? I was a such in order to its first the sanctification is so necessary, that none can expect sank Ar Pardon without it; But is therefore Holiness and fore? O sanctification is so necessary, that none can expect sank are such as a condition of the sanctification fo Heal

be not a Part of Sanctification. I know not what it is, yea, as described in our Catechism, it comprehends the whole of Sanctification. But to return, Why, may one fay, may we not Repent of our Sins in some Measure, and reform our Lives, and humble ourselves and mourn? At least, can we not shed a Tear? Can we not leave off our Tippling. and quit our Lufts, and think upon Death, Judgment and Eternity, so as by the Meditation of these we shall get ourselves wrought up to a strong and strange Mortification to all Things in the World, yea, become as eminent in this as any Saint in all the Country, for all their Boafting? Well, much Good may your Repentance do you, and would to God that you were doing more than you do. But I would have you suspect your Repentance, yea, I tell you affuredly, that even by the utmost use of the highest common Gifts and Graces, you cannot repent; and when you have brought yourfelf by these Means to the greatest Measure of legal Repentance, yet there is no Promise in all the Bible to that Repentance; For all the Promises are yea and Amen in Christ Jesus, and till you get into Christ by a Faith of his Operation, your common legal Repentance is a finful Repentance: For auhatsorver is not of Faith is Sin, and so it is a God-displeasing Repentance; For without Faith it is impossible to please God. In a Word your Repentance, which you so much magnify in your Heart, for I suppose you are not so destitute of Wit, as to This Repentance, I speak thus before the World. say, is so far from disposing you for Christ, that i: tends effectually to make you oppose Christ; why, you find Heart-melting and Mourning, Tears and Sorrows, great Flashes and Land-Floods of Affection, and then you think all is right; You see no more Need of Christ, and come short of him, instead of being drawn into him. " A Man in this Case, as " one fitly expresses it, is like one that comes to " court a Lady. But having got a Sight of the " Hand-Maid, he falls in Love with her, courts her, " and

" and the promise M

this all. must of h Sirs, Defi

and to fy God

" a u

.. m

Den prev His Frui win

his have

ers, not Gra that

and they out

He

t what it comprereturn. t of our ves. and we not Tippling, of thefe ftrong in the as any oafting? do you, ore than Repenby the Graces. brought Measure ife in all Promises you get our comce : For it is a Faith it Repenir Heart, it, as to tance, I rift, that ift; why, ears and Affection, no more nstead of Case, as comes to at of the ourts her, " and

" and marries her, who yet was but the Person " that should have led him to the Lady he was of proposing to match with; So here Christ is the " Match, the Law and the Duties thereof are the " Hand-Maid; well, thou falls to Duties, forrowing " for Sin, and the like, you have fallen in Love with "that, and feek no further." Why, you'll fay by this Means you would have no preparatory Work at all. It feems by this Doctrine, fay, you, a Man must come to Christ just at the first Leap, recking out of his Sins, before ever his Life be reformed; Nay, Sirs, I must tell you in the Lord's Name, that the Defign of a right preparatory Work is to ding you out of your feigned Repentance and Reformation, and out of your falle Hopes and Confidence, and to sweep away your Resuge of Lies; and if ever God prepare you for Christ, he will bring you to fay, " O! I cannot repent, I cannot reform, I cannot " mourn; and give me a World I cannot command " a hearty Sigh, or a Sob for Sin, I can do nothing, " I'm hard like a Stone, and black like a Devil, and " unless Christ help, I'm utterly and eternally un-"done." And this tends to give the Soul a great Demonstration of the Freedom of his Love, that it prevents our Repentance; He first loved us. (4.) His Love prevents our Prayers, for that is also a Fruit of his Love. You'll say, though we cannot win to be Holy, and cannot believe and repent, yet we must Pray, and feek, or else we cannot get his Favour and Love. Wo's me that People should have such dark and dangerous Notions of the Method of Salvation. Pray, whence comes your Prayers, if they be worth the Name of Prayers, do they not come from Heaven, and from the Spirit of Grace and Supplication? If you have any Defires that are worth the Naming, they come from above; and if they come wholly out of your Heart or Head, they are not worth; yea, whatever Desire you have. out of Chrift, and whatever Prayer is not put up on this Altar, the Name of Jejus Christ, and by the Help of the Spirit of Christ, there is no Promise made

to it; for however leveral Promiles are made to God's Ordinances and Institutions, which oblige you to be about his Hand in the Use of the Means, yet no Promise is made to your Performance out of Christ. Expect then no Favour for, or upon the Account of your Duties; for if that be your Way of doing, you need to pray that God may ding you out of your Prayers. Let none think now that I am discouraging any from the use of Means, and the Performance of Duties; nay, I take Witness that in God's Name I call you to the Use thereof, and declare you're obliged thereto by the Command and Authority of Father, Son and Holy Ghoft. But in the same Name I call you to the right Use of the Means, the Gospel-use of Means, for that legal Notion of Praying and Seeking, that I find for ordinary among People, as if their Seeking would prevent God's Love, and procure his Favour, and fo make Christ of their Prayers, yea more than a Christ: For, as I said before, the Love of God in itself cannot be procured, Christ himself did not procure it; for God's Love prevented Christ's Mission, and fent him to procure all that he did procure and purchase; and therefore, if you think your Prayers will purchase God's Love, you make more than a Christ of your Prayers, and so they are offensive to God, dishonouring to Christ, and prejudical to your own Souls. The Saints themselves know that it is not by their Duties that they obtain his Love: But in Duty fometimes they get a Sense of his Love. Why, may some fay, we need pray none at all, if we get no good by our Prayers. Really Man these Prayers of yours which you make your Righteousness, and for which you expect to be loved, and justified, and faved, they are the most abominable to God, and unprofitable to you in the World. To what Purpose is the Multitude of your Sacrifices, Ifa. i. 11. Therefore bring no more vain Oblations, your Incense is Abomination to him, be cannot away with it, it is Iniquity, even your folemn Meeting, Ua. i. 13. See Ifa. lxvi. 3. Therefore you

Myfte comfo before after praye Bleffi than until can a am f fough and f it no be er twixt Con prefu alrea Grad not f Tefu that grac quire not, New the is n the ! duce the this, alba may as y tor kno

Wo

tot

tell

have

nade to lige you ans, yet out of oon the ur Way ing you that I and the els that of, and ind and But in of the at legal find for would our, and than a God in did not Christ's did proink your ke more they are ind preemselves hey oby get a we need Prayers. ou make ct to be oft aboin the of your ore vain bim, be r-folemn fore you

have

have Need to pray that God would learn you the Mystery of Prayer, for you'll never find it a pleasant, comfortable and profitable Exercise, while you set it before his Love as a Cause of it; whereas it follows after his Love, as a Fruit of it. Hence all that ever prayed to Purpose, or wrestled with him for the Blefling, have found that they could not Pray, more than they could move the Earth from its Center, until his Grace prevented their Prayers, and they can all fet their Seal to that Word, Isa. lxv. 1. I am found of them that fought me not: None ever fought him aright, till free Grace fought them out, and found them out in some Respect. Quest. But is it not faid, Ezek. xxxvi. 37. For these Things will I be enquired of by the House of Israel? Why betwixt Gracious feeking and finding there is a certain Connexion: For gracious and spiritual seeking presupposes Grace to seek, and that his Love hath already prevented our Prayers, and when he gives Grace to feek, to be fure he will give more and more, not for our feeking, but for his Promise sake in Christ Jesus, and upon his Account. But if we understand that Word as an Encouragement to all, whether gracious or graceless Persons, For this will I be enquired of by the House of Israel, then the Meaning is not, I'll give you none of these Things, to wit, The New Heart, the New Spirit, there promised, and the Spirit to be put within you; I fay, the Meaning is not, I'll give you none of these Things, but for the Sake of your Prayers, and till your Prayers produce them; Nay, that Exposition would be cross to the very Context, which fays, Not for your Sake do I this, O House of Israel, be it known to you, and be asbamed and confounded for your own Ways; You may be ashamed of your Prayers and Duties, as well as your Sins and Iniquities, and therefore it is not for the Sake of your Persons or Prayers either, be it known unto you, and therefore the Meaning of the Word is, That as all Ifrael hath a Right of Accels to these Promises, and all Poor Sinners that hear tell of them, may come to a Throne of Grace, and

(19

(20)

plead for the Accomplishment of them to themselves in a way of free Grace, so in the diligent we of all these Means and Ordinances of my Appointment, they shall find that I will yield my self exorable, and eafy to be intreated, and so it is an encouragement to Prayer, in expectation that God will confer the promised Blessings, and not that our Prayers will obtain them; and therefore the more that a Man turns fuch a Scripture to a Covenant of Works, as if he were upon Terms with God, that upon Condition that he pray, and feek, God will give him the promifed Bleffings. The more he does fo, I fay, the further is he from all these Bleffings; whereas the less Hope and Expectation that a poor Soul hath from his Prayers, he will ay find, that he will come the more Speed. In a Word, the Prayer you speak of Man, is either a natural or spiritual Prayer; if it be a natural Prayer, then as the natural Man is bound to pray, and yet hath nothing to expect but of fovereign free Grace, so there is no connexion betwixt his Prayer and the Promise, unless we turn rank Arminians. If it be a spiritual Prayer, then to be sure, the Promise hath prevented his Prayer; for to fay that none of these Promises are given till once a Man pray in the Spirit for them, is cross to the whole current of Scripture, and spiritual Reason, for how can a Man pray in the Spirit till that Promife be accomplished in some measure upon him, I will put my Spirit within Thus his Love prevents our Prayers, it prevents our Defires and Endeavours, he first loved us. fo much shall suffice for the first general Head.

The 2d. Thing proposed was, to speak of Believers Love to God and Christ, we love him; this is but a small Stream that slows from, and runs again to the Ocean of his Love. We may take up this Love of the Saints towards God in the following Considerations:

not a Spark of natural Kindling, it is not from natural Reason or common Grace, no, it is from the saving Operation of the Holy Ghost, circumcising the Heart to love God; The Fruits of the Spirit are Faith.

ing general cial

Faith

toget

mity the

God,

in th

Oppt

Cont

tion,

that

to tu

ness God :

opian

by th

by co

fome

Knee

defty to lo

a W

ferve

with

ing t

that

Athe

expe

cont

alon

and

this

Obje

knø

and

derf

the

But

it :

emfelves le of all intment. ble, and agement nfer the will oban turns as if he Condition the prolay, the s the lefs from his the more of Man. be a nabound to lovereign is Prayer ians. If Promife none of y in the rrent of a Man plithed in it within prevents es. And

this is but in to the ove of the lerations: re. It is from pafrom the cumciling spirit are

Faith,

of Belie-

Faith, Love, and the rest of the Graces: It is altogether super-natural, for the natural Mind is Enmity against God, we naturally hate God; Sirs, tho' the worst in the World will say they do not hate God, yet they really do it, and their Hatred appears in their Aversion from him and his Ways, their Opposition to his Commands and Counsels, their Contempt of his Promises, and Neglect of his Salvation, and his Christ, for they will not come to him that they might have Life. It is God's prerogative to turn the Heart from Enmity to Love, from Darkness to Light, and from the Power of Satan unto God: No man can turn himself more than the Ethiopian can change his Skin, &c. Jer. xiii. 23. by their Improvement of their natural Faculties, and by common Grace, which most part of Men have fomething of, come to a Sermon, and go to their Knees, carry with somewhat of Morality and Modefty, but they cannot win to command themselves to love God: Nay, Duty is a Burden, the Word is a Weariness to them, they are mad upon Idols, and ferve divers Lusts, they make the Lord to ferve with their Sin, and their Duties to serve as a Covering to their Lusts, and make use of Duty for this, that they may be looked upon as good Men, and not Atheists: But let them do their best, they cannot expel that curfed Habit of Enmity, nor introduce the contrary Habit of Love, till the Power of God come along discovering the Beauty and Glory of Christ, and transforming the Soul after the same Image, for this Love imports a faving Knowledge of this glorious Object beloved, a high Esteem of the Object thus known, a hearty Choice of him whom we thus efteem, and a sweet Recumbency in this Choice. The Understanding is made to see the Judgment to esteem, the Will to chuse, and the Soul to acquiesce in him. But these Things I cannot enlarge upon.

2. We may consider this Love in the kinds of it: And here I would speak only of two kinds in general; namely, a more common, and a more special Love. 1. There is a more common Love, which

even Hypocrites may have, and may have it as a Fruit of God's Spirit in his common Operation, while yet they are not renewed in the whole Man. As they may have a temporary Faith, fo they may have a Love proportioned to this. The Seed of the Word falls into the Heart, as into stony Ground, and it quickly springs up in some flashes Affection and fair flourishes of a Profession, so as they may seem to themselves and others to be among the best of Christians, while yet it is not any special Work of God's Spirit, but a common Gift and Grace. The Lord deligns to tame and civilize some, as well as to save and convert others. Now this Love, however great and vehement it may be in Appearance, yet it is but a Sand-flood; at the best it hath not a Spring, it is nourished as a Pool of Water, not as a Well of Water; the Water which the Lord gives to his People, it is in them, as a Well of Water, springing up to everlasting Life, John iv. 14. But the Hypocrite's Love is a returning to the Lord, but not with the whole Heart. It is a Love, as described in the Jews, They ferved the Lord, and they ferved Ashtaroth; to pacify their Consciences they will serve the Lord: But to satisfy their Affections they will serve their Lusts; they never sell their All for the Pearl of great Price, they never rest upon him as their present, only, and greatest Good, nor find full Satisfaction in him. They never come to that with it, Whom bave I in Heaven but thee, &c.? There is something beside Christ that they defire, they have some liking to him when he fmiles on them in in his Providences, when they get ease to their Consciences, and by their false Hopes of Heaven, apprehend Matters to be well enough with them. But when the Lord begins to frown, and the Course of his Providence is turned, then their Love is turned into Hatred, and the Hatred wherewith they hate bim, is greater than the Love wherewith they loved bim. As John's Hearers rejoyce in bis Light for a Seajon, and but for a Seajon, and Christ's Hearers cry this Day Hosanna, and the next Day crucify

Loa Chr gen I'hi a fu ravi Priv the its S аге Thi trul Cor 2. is c and He tha and him gre wh to rub It the Aff vel it is TH the xlii hay

him

it.
or
the

in of (23)

it as a

n, while

n. As

nay have

e Word

, and it

and fair

to them-

hriftians,

's Spirit,

deligns

ave and

reat and

is but a

ng, it is

Well of

his Peo-

ng up to

pocrite's

with the

ne Ferus,

roth ; to

ne Lord:

eirLusts:

at Price,

only, and

1. They

1 Heaven

hrist that

when he

they get

Hopes of

igh with

and the

I Love is

vith they

oith they

bis Light

It's Hear-

ay crucify

bim ;

him; and as many People followed Christ for the Loaves, because he fed them, so many still follow Christ, some for outward Things, and because of his general merciful Difpensations, yea some for inward Things: O1 fay they, Ordinances are pleasant, it is a sweet Thing to get a Tear at a Sermon, and to be ravish'd with something of the Glory of Heaven, and the Privileges of the Saints; no doubt the Joy with which the stony Ground Hearers received the Word, had its Sweetness and Pleasure, and thereupon their Hearts are aloft, and they think they love Christ above all Things; but yet their Root is Rottenness, they never truly come to Christ, to get rest to their Hearts and Consciences from the Filth and Guilt of Sin. But 2. There is a special Love, whereby the whole Soul is carried out towards the Lord, as its chief, present and only good, and whereby the Soul fees nothing in Heaven or Earth desirable in comparison of him, and that acts towards a present Christ in rejoicing in him, and towards an absent Christ, by lamenting after him; it acts cleaving to him, when they have the greatest Temptations to go away, and it kyths most when Christ threatens to depart, and it cleaves most to him, when many are departing from him, To whom shall we go, thou hast the Words of eternal Life. It counts all but Loss and Dung for bim; Christ gets the Throne of their Hearts, the Cream of their Affections, the very Soul of their Souls, their most veheme: t Love; whatever other Things they love, it is but in a subordination to him; whatever other Things they rejoice in, he is their chief Joy, I'll go to the Altar of God, to God my exceeding Joy, Plalm xliii. 4. Their Joy in him exceeds the Joy that they have in any Thing else in a World.

3. We may consider this Love in the Degrees of it. I would not be for the breaking a bruised Reed, or quenching a smoking Flax; my Heart's Desire is, that all that love Christ, even in the weakest Degree, if it be a special Love, may go away rejoicing in him; therefore I tell you of these four Degrees of this Love. 1. There is a Love of Desire after

Christ.

(24)

Christ, that is not yet arrived at a full Complacency in him. The Defire of our Soul is to thy Name, fays the Church. A poor Thing may have a rooted Defire after Christ, that is not yet come the length of a rooted Delight in him, because thro' Unbelief they question their special Interest in him; but blessed are they that bunger and thirst after Righteousness, for they shall be filled. If a gracious Defire after Christ be rooted in the Soul, there is true Love. Yea further, this Defire hath several Degrees also, fometimes the Defire is like a Smoking Flax, hardly can one discern the Spunk of red Fire, only they see Smoke as a Sign of Fire, a Smoking Flax. This Defire may be strangely chocked, sometimes thro' the prevalence of Unbelief: Even the Children of God that have found and faving Defires, may become fo heartless, as that they have no boldness to come to the Lord, and express their Desires, all they can say is, that there is something about their Hearts-roots of an earnest Wish, that the Lord would come to them, when they cannot come to him; all they can fay is, O, ruben will be come to me! O, when will be give me a Visit! O, there is none in the World needs a Visit so much as I! Sometimes their Defires are more vivid and lively, more bright and shining, and break forth in ardent Prayers and Pantings of Soul after him. As the Hart pants after the Waterbrooks, so pants my Soul after thee, O God! My Soul thirsts for God, for the living God. With my Soul bave I defired thee in the Night, and with my Spirit within me, will I feek thee early. Sometimes again their Desires become so strong, as that the Person is made to put on a Resolution, as David did; I'll neither give Sleep to mine Eyes, nor Slumber to mine Eye lids, till I find out a Place for the Lord, an Habitation for the Mighty God of Jacob. Lo, we heard of it at Ephrata, we found it in the Fields of the Wood, Pfal. cxxxii. 4, 5, 6. Their Defire may be fuch as to make them reftlefs, till they get their Hearts made a fit Habitation for him, they may be fuch as to carry their Souls above all temporary En-1

Enjoyn s Eagl nd ful But the ight a Rest ar bould aving Defire Whom ee bin peaka ests hi manife Flood canno Marro fat Th ifts. Days, of M There that 3 umph Than n Ch Souls Lord, ind n Comr Thin ect. ore : rreat ind rea, l

an I

They

gain n th

here

mplacency Vame, fays poted Dehe length 'Unbelief ut blessed steousness, fire after ue Love. rees alfo, r, hardly they fee This Dethro' the of God come fo come to can fay rts-roots come to they can en will World Defires Thining, tings of Water-My Soul my Soul y Spirit s again Person is id; I'll to mine an Hae heard of the nay be t their

y may

En-

injoyments, and make them mount up on Wings s Eagles, and to look down upon all time Enjoyments nd fublunary Comforts, as altogether contemptible. But then, 2. As there is a Love of Defire, so of Deight and Complacency, whereby they take up their Rest and Satisfaction in him, saying, Tho' the Fig-tree bould not bloffom, &c. Indeed they that have found aving Defires after the Lord, are unfatisfied till their Defire be turned to Delight, and till they win at this, Whom having not feen we love, in whom the' now we ee him not, yet believing, we rejoice with Joy unpeakable and full of Glory. When the Lord maniefts himself to them, as reconciled in Christ, when he manifelts his Love to their Souls, and opens the Flood gates of his Spirit's Influences, O then they cannot but delight in him, and be satisfied as with Marrow and Fatness; for then they have a Feast of fat Things, and of Wines on the Lees, &c. O Senfuaifts, that never had a more pleasant Hour all your Days, than when you fat down to a hearty Meal of Meat or Drink, you're but a miserable Creature. There is Meat to eat that you know not of, and Joy hat you intermeddle not with. O the Joy and Triumph that there is in the Enjoyment of a God in Christ, Thanks be to God which always causes us to triumph in Christ, always causes to triumph. It is true the Souls of Believers may fometimes wander from the Lord, even after they have win at this Enjoyment, ind never more readily than on the back of a fweet Communion; their Defires may wander after other Things, they may fall affeep, they are not yet perect, nor delivered from a Body of Death, and thereore after that they may come under Doubts, and reat Damps, and these may bring them very low, nd may much alienate their Hearts from the Lord; ea, but they are as the Needle in the Compass, that an never rest or settle till it win to the right Point. They can never rest till they win into his Bosom again; they find their Case a Wilderness Case, wheren they are wandering from Mountain to Hill, and herefore they say, Return to thy Rest, O my Soul; they

they are made again to return to him, and take more Delight in him than ever, and by delighting in him get an Earnest-penny of Heaven. 3. There is a Love of Benevolence and Good-will towards Christ, and his Interest in the World, that all his Concerns in the World may go right, and that no Weapon formed against Zion may Prosper! By this Love all these Things, whereby God makes himself known, his Word, his Ordinances, his People, his Precepts, his Truths, are precious, And to this we may join, 4. The Love of Beneficence, whereby they do all they can for the Honour of Christ, the Good of his Church, the Credit of his Truths, and for bearing down every Interest opposite to his. But these Things may perhaps fall under another Head.

4. We may consider this Love in the Dimensions of it; as God's Love towards his People hath Height, and Depth, and Length, and Breadth, so there is something like Dimensions of that fort in their Love to him. 1. Their Love is a high Love, it hath a Height, it is a transcendent Love; they love him above all Things, they love him more than Father or Mother, Sifter or Brother, Profit or Pleasure, Credit or Preferment, yea, doubtlefs they count all Things but Lofs, &c. The Language of their Soul is, None but Christ; in all Things he hath the Preheminence. 2. Their Love bath Depth, for it is rooted in the Heart, and does not float in the Fancy. The Love of many is but like a Thaw, that will sometime be on the Face of the Ground, by the Heat of the Sun, while there is a hard Frost below in the Earth; so their Love is but Superficial, upon the Surface of the Soul, there is fome Thaw, but the Heart is hard, true Love hath a deep Root. 3. Their Love hath a Breadth, they not only love his Mercy and Grace, but his Faithfulness, Justice and Holiness; they love not only his Covenant Promises, but his kindly Threatnings, not only his favourable Providences, but also his fatherly Chastifements; they love every Thing that hath any Thing of God in it, his People because they are his Image, his Ordinances because they are his Galleries;

every Criptic as a F the H Hope an air upon Believ mile, upon Some it To out. alwa' a C cann Love rupu the S or C grov it. 5 ced Go Peo of (it i und ftra

Lo

Lo

pu.

leg

OI

po

cet

La

• 70

he

hey lo

they

(-27)

and take

3. There

ll towards

d that no

By this is himfelf

ople, his

this we

reby they

the Good

and for

But thele

enhons of

h Height,

e is some-

Love to

Height,

above all

Mother,

or Pre-

but Loss,

t Christ;

2. Their

art, and

many is

the Face

there is

ve is but

there is

ve hath

th, they

Faith-

only his

ngs, not

fatherly.

nath any

are his

alleries;

they

hey love the Place where his Honour dwells, and every Thing that hath a Divine Stamp and Supercription. 4. Their Love hath a Length in it, as well as a Height, and Depth, and Breadth. It is not like the Hope of the Hypocrite that perisbeth. Their Hope and Love, who are Hypocrites, is built upon an airy Fancy and empty Imagination, it is built upon Sand, and fo it falls to the Ground, but the Believer's Love is built ugon the Faith of the Promife, and the Faith of the Love of God; it is built upon the Rock of Ages, and fo the Building stands. Some will have a Love to a Thing To-day, and quit it To morrow, but Love to Christ will never go quite out. It is true their Love is not always exercised, or always equal in its exercise, for sometimes it is like a Coal below the Ashes, yet all the Power of Hell cannot quench it, for many Waters cannot quench Love; it may be overtop'd with the Weeds of Corruption, and out of view, for the Flesh lusteth against the Spirit, and the Flesh may be strong, and the Spirit or Grace weak, but still the Root remains, and shall grow up to Perfection,

5. We may consider this Love in the Properties of Some of them have been touched in the preceding Heads, therefore in short, 1. True Love to God in Christ is a free and voluntary Love. People force thendelves up, as it were, to a liking of Christ, by using manifold Arguments, and after all, it is imaginary and mercenary Love; they are not under the Constraint of Gospel Grace, but the Conftraint of legal Hope, expecting some Reward for their Love and Service: But here the Person loves the Lord for himfelf, and ferves him without legal Compulsion or Coaction, or by legal Fears of Hell, or legal Hope of Heaven. As he loves them freely in Opposition to Merit, so they love him freely in Opposition to legal Compulsion. 2. True Love is a fincere Love; Grace be with all them that love our Lard Jesus Christ in Sincerity; It is a loving the Lord with all the Heart, Soul, Mind and Strength, it is hearty, and hath its Abode in the inner Chambers of

the

the Heart. It does not ly in the Tongue or Lip, or the outward Profession only, but in the Heart and Affection, and Soul of Man. True Love is an ardent Love; it is compared to Fire that hath a most vehement Flame: It is like Fire for Light, it is the Discovery of Christ that makes the Soul to love him, and it makes the Man's Light to Shine before Men, so as his heavenly Father is glorified: It is like Fire for Heat, it heats the Breaft, and warms the Affections, and flames towards Christ when he is feen: It is like the Fire for its consuming Quality, it confumes Lusts and Corruptions; Many Waters cannot quench it, no Water of Sin, of Affliction, of Defertion, or Temptation. 4. True Love is active Love; it makes the Soul to act for God. and for Chrift, faying, O what shall I do for him? What shall I render to the Lord for all his Benefits? It constrains to Services and Sufferings for Christ. 5. True Love is an uniting Love, it carries out the Soul towards Union and Communion with God in Christ, he affects Communion with him in the Thoughts and Meditations: My Meditation of bim shall be sweet; Communion with him in his Ordinances, Communion with him in his Grace, and Communion with him in Glory. 6. True Love is a folicitous and careful Love; it is careful to avoid whatever is offending to God, careful to provide whatever is pleafing to him, careful and folicitous left it should lose his Companny, careful and solicitous to recover a Sight of him when he absents himself. 7. True Love is a bold and venturing Love, it will adventure upon Reproaches, Persecutions, Dangers, Difficulties, yea and Death it telf, for the Sake of the Lord Jesus. When there are the greatest Difficulties, true Love will cleave most to Christ; when there is a general Apoltacy, true Love will appear most for Christ, as the two Witnesses, Rev. xi. When Men make Breaches upon the Truths of God, the true Lover of Christ will cast himself into the Breach, as Pergamus did, Rev. ii. 13. In a Word, when Love cannot stand in the Breach it will mourn for the Difishonou rat :-Love. aith at arther er of True 1 nd as o Chri by Lor ugal lo ot end Delilal most A Love, with And ing I bears Body that 10.7 Perfo and Thi O, t con Lov time besi Pro If . It Ch

It

tra

is

(29)

or Lip, or

leart and

an ardent

most ve-

it is the

to love

bine be-

fied : It

d warms

t when

nluming; Many

of Af-

ie Love

or God.

r him?

enefits?

Christ.

out the

in the

f bim

Ordi -

, and

avoid

what-

itous

nselt.

will

gers,

the

ties,

here

Vlen

true

as

ove

the

Dif-

shonour done to Christ, and weep in secret Places rit; all these proceed from the invincible Valour Love. 8. True Love is a persevering Love : When aith and Hope, in fome respect, will carry us no orther than the Grave, love will go over the Borer of Time, and remain in Heaven for ever. q. True love is a conjugal love, a Marriage love; nd as conjugal Jove is a loyal love, fo is true love b Christ; it calls Jesus Lord and King. by Lord and worship thou him, Pfal. xvi. 11. As conugal love is a chaste love, so true love to Christ, cannot endure a Rival; it allows no Mate, no Luft, no Delilah to come in Christ's Room without the utmost Abhorrence. As conjugal Love is a reverential Love, so true love to Christ carries towards him with holy Fear and Reverence, and filial Regard: And as a conjugal Love is a fruitful a fruit-bearing Love, so true Love to Christ is a Love that bears Fruit to him; Ye are dead to the Law by the Body of Christ, and married to another, even to Christ, that ye might bring forth Fruit unto God. Again, 10. True Love is an affimulating Love, it changes the Person in whom it is, into the Image of the glorious and beloved Object, and makes him defire above all Things to be like unto Christ, faying, O, to be holy, O, to be free of Sin, O, to be full of God, O, to be conformed to the Image of Christ; yea the more Love, the more Likeness. 11. In a Word, sometimes it is an extatical Love, as if the Man were beside himself, and out of himself: Hence that Proverb, Amantes Amentes, like that of the Apostle, If we be beside our selves it is to God, 2 Cor. v. 13: It carries the Soul out of it felf, faying with the Church, The Voice of my Beloved, behold be comes: It is an abrupt kind of Speech, like that of a Person transported, ravish'd, and in a Rapture. of my Beloved, behold be cometh; fometimes there is a wast of Glory, a bright glance of the Sun of Righteousness.

6. We may consider this Love in the Effect of it. (1.) This Love vents it self in Prayer and Supplica-

(30)

tion. O God, thou art my God, early will I feek thee.

(2.) It vents it self in Praise and Commendation: My Belowed is white and ruddy, the Chief among Ten Thousand. (3.) It vents it self in Wonder and Admiration: Behold what manner of Love the Father hath bestowed upon us, that we should be called the Sons of God. (4.) It vents it self in Obedience and Observation of his Law: If you love me, keep my Commandments. (5.) It vents it self in Hatred of Sin, and of every false Way: Te that love the Lord hate Evil. (6.) It vents it self in loving every Thing that belongs to God. And this might lead me to show how.

7. We may confider this Love in the Object of it. and in the Extent of its Object. Why the true Lover of Christ he loves a whole Christ. (1.) He loves him in his Person, as he is the Brightness of the Father's Glory, and the express Image of his Person. (2.) He loves him in his Nature, as he is God-Man, Immunuel, God with us. (3.) He loves him in his Offices, as he is a Prophet to take away his Darkness, a Priest to take away his Guilt, and a King to take away his Sin, and to subdue his Lusts. (4.) He loves him in his Relations, as he stands related to God, being his Eternal Son, as he stands related to the Covenant, being the Mediator, Witness, Surety and Testator, and All of it; and as he stands related to his Church, being their Head and Hufband, and all Relations to them. You fee what a large Field I might here go through. (5.) He loves him in his Righteousness, both active and passive, as having fulfilled the Law, and fatisfied the Justice of God in our Room. (6.) He loves him in his Merit and Purchase; he loves him in his Spirit and Grace; he loves him in his Commands, Promifes and Comforts; he loves him in his Work and Wages; he loves him in his Ministers and People: he loves him in his Gospel and Ordinances; he loves him in his Crown, Hongur and Glory; he loves him

in

in him him to a

San gro Sou cell Bea

ticu

Wi ties the and of pour i. 3

Ur

tak

der low bed The the

of his TI Lo

Lo whou

O,

the

in his Cross, his Reproach and Suffering; he loves him in every Thing about him, and especially in himself, as being altogether levely. And this leads to another Consideration.

8. We may confider this Love in the Grounds of it. Indeed 'tis a God in Christ they love; more particularly, if you ask what are the Grounds of the Saints Love to Christ: Why, 1. Their Love to him is grounded upon his Worth, Beauty and Excellency; the Soul loves him, because of his own amiable Excellency. When the Soul gets a view of Christ's own Beauty, and of the Glory of God in him, his Power, Wildom, Holinels, Grace, Mercy and other Properties, his Heart is ravish'd with Love within him. O the Thoughts of his Worth, and his Fulness of Grace and Good-will is overcoming, Because of the Savour of thy good Ointments, thy Name is as Ointment poured forth, therefore do the Virgins love thee, Song i. 3. (2.) Their Love to him is grounded upon his Undertaking for them, and accomplishing that Undertaking: They love him, because of what he did undertake from Eternity, and perform in Time, who loved me, and give bimfelf for me: They love him, because he put himself in their Nature for their good: They love him, because he hath put his Name in their Debt, Bonds and Bills: They love him, because he put their Names in his last Will, and in the Book of Life: They love him, because he put his Spirit, his Nature, and his Father's Image into them. (3.) Their Love to him is grounded upon his Father's Love to him, and Satisfaction in him: The Lord is well pleased for his Righteonsness Sake, saying, This is my beloved Son, in who I am well pleased. And O, but Christ be deservedly the Object of the Saints Love, because he is the Object of the Father's Love, who loves him, both as he is his Son, and as he is our Surety; and therefore as the Sum of all. (4) Their Love to him is grounded upon his Love to them; We loved him, because he first loved us. leads me to

in

eek thee.

on: My

ong Ten

d Admi-

er bath

the Sons

of Sin.

rd bate

ng that

to show

a of it,

e Lover

le loves

the Fa-

Person.
s God-

ves him

and a

s Lusts.

nds re-

vitness.

e flands

d Huf-

what a le loves

five, as

Justice

in his Spirit

s, Pro-

ork and

eople :

ie loves

ves him

(32) lead. T

The 3d. general Head. The Influence that his Love hath upon theirs as the Cause of it. And here I would, 1. Clear and demonstrate it, that his loving us is the Caufe of our loving him. 2. Enquire what Influence his Love hath upon ours. As to the first To clear this Point, we would offer the following Considerations. 1A. Consideration is, That a natural Man that looks upon God, can never have a Heart-love to him, whatever he pretends. 'Tis true, many faney God loves them, and pretend they have a Love to him, like fome in the Church of Ephelus, who said they were Apostles, and were not, but were found Liars; so many pretend they know God and love him, who yet in Works deny him, and by their Practice are found Liars, and the Vision of their Heads is like to end in utter Darkness: 'Tis true also, that all that have a Love to God, have not the full Affurance of God's Love to them. Some may live under his Frowns, who yet are in a state of Favour; there may be some true Love, where yet there is but little joyful Assurance; yet, I say, these who have no Faith at all of God's Love in Christ, but look upon God as an implacable Enemy, they can have no hearty Love to him; nay, Conscience of Guilt, and Fear of Wrath make them run away from God as an Enemy; the Spirit of flavish Fear, which all awakened Sinners are naturally possest of, 'till God shew them his Love and Favour in Christ, will rather harden Men in their Enmity, than melt them into Love. If there were nothing but the Terror of the Lord to be known, Conversion would be impossible. 2d. Consideration is, That the greater the Sense of God's Love in Christ is, the stronger will our Love to him be. Hence there are such different Degrees of Love to God among the Saints, and even in the fame Saints or Believers at several Seasons, according as they have more or less of the comfortable Apprehension of the Love of God in Christ: For altho' the Love of God be not variable, yet our Views and Apprehensions of it are. Every Believer hath his dark and gloomy Days, as well as his bright and

and hath Dea place Love frau Love the 1 inla Con breal Love the 1 breal Difc hors towa Ezek Sigh in G allur Difp fied i cover the S Natu Do t God Love tion ; us, bi tho what trils, love (

when

Light

velati

comes

is The

4. Co

at his here oving what first r the have "Tis they know , and on of ve not e yet thefe Christ, cience away melt ld be er the ill our t Deven in s, acrtable For t our

bright

- and

and pleasant Days; and the less sensible Views he hath of God's Love and Favour, the more sensible Deadness in Duty, and Decay of Love to God takes place. When the Believer wants the Faith of God's Love, his Wings are clipt; but when his Heart is fraughted with a large measure of the Faith of God's Love, then he mounts up on Wings as an Eagle, then the Love of Christ constrains bim, and his Heart is inlarged to run the Way of God's Commandments. 3d. Consideration, That the Love of God discovered breaks the Power of all these Things that hinder our Love to him. Is Self-love a Snare to keep us from the Love of God? Well, a Display of God's Love breaks the Power of Self-love. When Job got a Discovery of the Glory of God's Grace, then he abhors himself. When we know that God is pacified towards us, it makes us loath and abbor our felves, Ezek. xvi. 63. A Sinner is never so odious in his own Sight, as when he is persuaded of his being precious in God's Sight. Does the Flattery of the World allure Men from the Love of God? Well, but the Displays of God's Love make the World to be crucified to us, and us to the World: Christ's Love difcovered dims all the feeming Glory of the World as the Sun darkens the leffer Lights, and as the Works of Nature spoil the Reputation of the Works of Art. Do the Frowns of the World scar us from the Love of God and his Way? Well, but the Display of God's Love to us is a noble Security against this Temptation; for little matter who be against us, if God be for us, his loving Kindness is better than Life; therefore tho' the Rage of Men should reach our Lives, yet what Comparison is betwixt the Breath of our Nostrils, and the Favour of an Eternal God? We do not love God in Christ, because we do not know him; but when his Love is displayed, then he is known in the Light of the Spirit, as a Spirit of Wisdom and Revelation in the Knowledge of Christ, the Spirit comes as a Spirit of Light, and thus the Love of God is shed abroad upon the Heart by the Holy Ghost. 4. Confideration, When God displays his Love, he

(34)

at the same Time transforms the Soul to whom he discovers himself, and makes it a new Creature, Now the new Nature is a grateful and loving Nature, depraved Nature may Reward Evil for Good, and Hatred for Love, but it is not so with the new Nature, it natively renders Love for Love; it is native to the Soul upon the Discovery of God's Love, his everlasting Love, to be constrained to his Service and Obedience. If you love me keep my Commandments. Now this Love that is the Product of God's Love, is virtually all Obedience: and therefore Love is faid to be the fulfilling of the Law, and when Love takes place his Commaniments are not grievous, but pleasant, yea when the Love of God is in the Heart, then the Law of God is in the Heart. But then, 2. To enquire more particularly, what Influence God's Love hath upon ours, We love bim because he first loved us; our Love is just the Reflex of his, as the Sun shining upon a Glass. Why, How does his Love to us influence our Love to him? 1. It hath a Moral Influence in Point of Motive: 2. A Physical Influence in Point of Power. 1. It hath a Moral Influence in Point of Motive, and so it is the Moral Cause of our Love, the Incentive, the Argument. What will move us to love, if the Display of this infinite Love does it not? We cannot but love such a good God, who was first in the Act and Work of Love, that loved us when we were both unloving and unlovely, that loved us at fuch a Rate, as to feek and follicite our Love at the Expence of his Son's, Blood, O amazing Love! Is there any Motive can be stronger to engage us to love him again; Shall not the Love of Christ constrain us to love him again? What in all the the World will indear a Soul to God, if the Love of God do it not? So much as we see of the Love of God fo much we love him, and delight in him, and no more; every other Discovery of God without this, will but make the Soul to flee from him. If the Faith and Apprehension of his free Love, his antient Love, his antecedent Love, his preventing

preve Moti there z. It and Cau capti cann Pow Fam of h mak on t fo it стеа in th Wil whe com be a co 245. 1000 Low the Wal the fam He dos mig Lo rea 27114

Pu can

fo, Ca for (35)

he

re.

re.

nd

a-

ve

nis

ce

d-

l's

UE

en

113;

he

rt.

ly,

Ve

ill

ſs.

ve

of

N-

of

he

to

as

us.

at

ur

ng

n-

of

in

he

ne

in

bd

m

ee

13

g

preventing Love, fuch as I have spoken of, be no Motive or Argument to influence us to love him. there is no Argument in the World will prevail. z. It hath a Physical Influence in Point of Power. and fo it is not only the Moral, but the Productive Caufe. There is a Power in his Love that conquers. captivates, and overpowers the Man, so that he cannot but love; God's Love hath a generative Power, our Love is brought forth by his Love, Fames i. 18. Of his own Will begat he us, that is, of his own free Love and Good-will. Divine Love makes fuch an Impression, that it instamps Love upon the Soul. As his Love hath a generating Power. fo it hath a creating Power, his Love infuses and creates Love in the Person Beloved, it works Good in the Man, that is the Object of it, his Power and Will are commensurate, what he will he works, and when the Time of Love or of manifesting Love comes, the Time of Power comes, Thy People Ball be willing in the Day of thy Power; his Love hath a constraining Power, The Love of Christ constrains us, and his Love hath a drawing Power, I bave loved thee with an everlasting Love; therefore with Loving-kindness will I draw thee. He draws with the Cords of Love, and thereby draws the Heart towards him in Love; and hence never a Soul tafted the Sweetness of his everlasting Love, but at the fame Time he felt the Power of it warming the Heart, and kindling a Fire of Love there. O how does his mighty Love break the Power of their mighty Eumity. Was ever pardoning Mercy and Love intimated, but the pardoned Soul behoved to read the Pardon with Tears of Joy and to Love much when much was forgiven? Can they chuse but love him, Who are the called according to his Purpose of Love, Rom. viii. 28. We love bim because be first loved us.

The 4th General Head was the Application. Isit fo, that God's Love to his People is the Source and Cause of their Love to him, then we may apply it for Information; And, 1. Hence see the Difference

betwixt

betwixt God's Love to the Saints, and the Saints Love to God. It is true their Loves agree in several Things, his love to them is a Love of Complacency, he delights in them, and their love to him is a love of Complacency, they delight in him; he loves them in Christ, and they love him in Christ, but yet vastly great is the Difference betwixt his love and theirs. 1. His love is Eternal, their love is but of Yesterday's Date. 2. His Love is the original Cause, their Love is the native Effects of his. 3. His love is an antecedent Love, it goes before theirs, as the Father loves the Child when the Child knows not the Father, much less loves him, yea they are by Nature Haters of God. And furely all mutual Love must begin on his Side, Herein is Love, not that we loved God, but God loved us; yea his Love not only goes before our Love, but before every Thing that is lovely in us, Rom. v. 8. God commends bis Love towards us, in that while we were yet Sinners Christ died for us. Sin imports all Unloveliness and Undefirableness that can be in a Creature, yet he loves; but then our Love is a Consequential Love. 4. His Love being free and eternal is always equal and unchangeable, for the Strength of Ifrael is not a Man that be should repent, but our Love to him is unequal and changeable, up and down; his Love is like the Sun always, the same in its Light, tho' a Cloud may sometimes interpose; our Love is like the Moon, hath its waxings and weanings. His Love I fay, is like the Sun, always the fame in its Light: it is true as the Sun is fometimes under a cloud, so the Fruits and Manifestations of God's Love may change; now he shines, now he hides his Face, as it may be most for our Profit, but still his Love in itself is the same; whatever Changes Affect the Saints, whether as to Sin or Suffering, yet God's Love to them is unchangeable. Why were it not Blasphemy to say, that God loves his People in their finning, as well as in theirstrictest Obedience? If so, who will care to ferve him more? Anjwer, The Love of God in itself is no more changeable than God himself

himsell their fi ters h the Di them, But W Nay, Thing Chang Love Disper Sin? " Lo " jech into V His L ing L but o Love. Hour yet ru

and Sto San betwiences Text and love to prehe the futhe Funage Love God are as

him.

us, i

Chris

know

himself; and what then? Loves he his People in their finning, yea his People, not their finning, Alters he his Love to them? No, not his Love, but the Discoveries of his Love, he smites them, rebukes them, and fills them with a Sente of Indignation. But Woe would be to us if he changed in his Love. Nay, be is God and changes not, &c. These very Things which feem to be Demonstrations of the Change of his Affection, do as clearly proceed from Love to them, even his Chastisements, as any other Dispensations. Well, but will not this encourage to Sin? "O sure he never tasted, as one says, of the " Love of God, that can seriously make this Ob-" jection." The Doctrine of Grace may be turned into Wantonness, but the Principle of Grace cannot. His Love, I say, being free, eternally, and preventing Love, is in itself always equal and unchageable, but our Love to God is an ebbing and flowing Love. We are scarce a Day at a Stand. This Hour we may be at this, Tho' all Men for fake thee, yet will not I! And yet the next Hour at this, I know not the Man; when ever was the Time that our Love was equal one Day to an End?

nts

n-

2

res

ut

nd

of

ſe,

lis

23

NS

by

al

at

ot

ng

is

2-

fs

ct

e.

al

ot

n

e

a

e

13

ts

a

is

S

f

s

t

d

ral

2. Hence see the Difference betwixt Justification and Sanctification, and the Priority of Justification to Sanctification: we may here notice the Difference betwixt the one and the other, many are the Differences betwixt them, but I confine me to what the Text imports. 1. In Justification God loves us, and shows his Love in Christ, in Sanctification we love God, and show our Love to him. For the comprehensive Sum of active Holiness is Love, which is the fulfilling of the Law. 2. In Justification we have the Favour of God, in Sanctification we have the Image of God, and the special Part of his Image is Love. 3. In Justification we are passive, as when God set his Love upon us; but in Sanctification we are active, while his Love causes us to Act in loving 4. Justification is God's Act of Love without us, in and through the Merit and Righteousness of Christ imputed to us, Sanctification is God's Work

of Grace within us, by the Spirit of Christ imparted to us as a Spirit of Love, as well as of other Graces. 5. Justification is perfect, equal, and ay the same like the Love of God, the original Cause, and the Righteousness of Christ the meritorious Cause of it, but Sanctification is imperfect, unequal and changeable, for the Love of the Saints, as I faid, is up and down. 6. Justification is the Cause, Sanctification the Effect, even as God's Love is the Cause of our Love. 7. Faith in Justification is an Instrument receiving Christ as the Lord our Righteousness, and apprehending the Love and Mercy of God in him; but Faith in Sanctification is an Agent, employing Christ as the Lord our Strength, to enable us to manifest our Love to him; and so we see the Priority of Divine Love and Favour, and Acceptation and Justification before any Work of ours; and so how any can maintain that actual Gospel Repentance (which must be a Work of ours, and a Piece of Sanctification at least) doth go before, and is necessary in order to Justification, let the Judicious consider, without receeding from our Standarts, and binding their Faith to the Belt of any fallible Creatures, Councils, or Acts. That legal Repentance of Humiliation and Conviction, and Sente of Sin, does go before Juftification in order of Divine Operation is plain, and that habitual Sactification, or Regeneration, and the infusing of all Grace into the Soul, is also previous, is not denied: But that Gospel Repentance, or any Part of actual Sanctification, is neceffary in order to Justification and Pardon, I do not see how it is possible to maintain that without running into the Roman Camp, and fighting with Popilb Weapons, and inverting the Order of our Text, making any Part of our Love to God necesfary first in order to God's loving us. But fure God's Method of doing will stand in Spite of Hell and Earth : We love bim because he first loved

g. Hence we may fee, that as the Perswasion that is in the Nature of Faith lies in the Apprehention

of the felf in

make

we c

the la

Numl

first lo

Merc

fay, I

lam

the ft

he be

fay t

love

the C

for th

phem

a Mo

Secui

Eye,

for S

joice.

God

ment

of G

him,

Satar

God

along

Ligh

tively

the I

comm

embo

Senfe

and

woul

have

that to tr (39)

ted

es.

ne

he

it,

ge-

nd

on

ur

re-

nd

m;

ng

ni-

ity

ind

OW

nce

of

ffa-

nfi-

and

ea-

e or

oes

ion

ne-

oul,

Re-

ne-

do

out

with

our

cel-

fure

Hell

oved

that

fion

of

Bran DVDC L AGROUP 181

of the Love and Mercy of God in Christ to a Man's felf in particular; fo this Doctrine of Faith does not make void the Law, but establish and fulfill it, it we confider Love as the fulfilling of the Law, for the language of this Text when read in the fingular Number is, I love him because be first loved me; he first loved me, there is Faith's Apprehension of the Mercy of God in Christ. It is true a Believer may fay, I know not whether he loved me or not, but fure I am it is not his Faith that fays fo, but Unbelief; but the stronger that his Faith is, to be fure the more will he be able to fay he loved me, and the more he can fay this, the more can he fay the other also, I love him: And there is Obedience, Gospel-obedience, the Obedience of Faith, which is a loving Obedience, for the Law of Christ is a Law of Love. It is Blatphemy against the Love of God to reproach it, as a Mother of Licentiousness, and a Nurse of carnal Security. They that have the Love of God in their Eye, can take no encouragement from thence to fin, for Sin tends to cloud that Light, wherein they rejoice. If it were possible for a Believer to think that God loves him, and thereupon should take encouragement to fin, then I am bold to fay, it is not the Faith of God's Operation takes place at that Time with him, but only a Fancy, and a strong Temptation of Satan, working upon that Fancy: For true Faith of God's Love, brings Holinese, Love and Obedience along with it, as natively as the Rifing Sun brings Light. God's Love of Bounty displayed does as natively bring in our Love of Duty, as it is natural for the Fire to bring heat. Is it possible that God's communicating his Thoughts of Peace to a Child will embolden him to new Acts of Treason? No, if the Sense of God's Love did not wear off, and Security and Unwatchfulness wear on, the Believer's Love would ay be flaming in the Fire of God's Love. They have no Experience of the Love of God, who think that the Discovery thereof would give them a Licence to transgreis. 4. Hence (40

4. Hence we fee, that as the Believer is perfectly free from vindictive Wrath, from the Curse and penal Sanction of the Law, so his Gospel-obedience is not influenced by flavish Fear of Hell, but by the Love of God. How can the Man that is actually justified and accepted in the Belowed, and fo the actual Object of God's everlafting unchangeable Love ever fall under his vindictive Wrath, which is the threatning and sentence of the Law as a Covenant of Works? And how can the Believer, that is obliged to believe this Love, be ever obliged to serve from a Fear of Hell and vindictive Wrath? That he may thro' Unbelief apprehend God's vindictive Wrath, and Fear to be thrown into Hell, is plain from common Experience, but that the Fear of Hell should be either a Gospel-grace, or a Believer's Duty, is some of the new Divinity of our Day. Filial Child-like Fear, which is the Believer's Duty at all Times, is every way confiftent with Love, yea supposes and imports the Faith of God's fatherly Love; but flavish Fear of Hell and vindictive Wrath excludes and opposes it, see the Context, ver. 18. There is no Fear in Love, but perfect Love casteth out flavish and tormenting Fear.

5. Hence we may see the Difference betwixt the Covenant of Works and the Covenant of Grace The Order of the Covenant of Works is, in some Respect, quite cross to the Order here let down in our Text; for in the Covenant of Works, our Love of Duty was first to take place, and after that God's Love of Bounty as the Reward of our perfect Love and Obedience, according to the old Covenant Paction; whereas in the Covenant of Grace, God first shews his Love of Bounty, and then follows our Love of Duty. Never does the Soul turn his Affections towards God, if the Heart of God be not first set upon him. Herein differ Works in the New Covenant (for Love, as I faid before, is the Sum of all Work and Obedience) from Works in the Old Covenant. In the legal Covenant, our Love and Work is first, and then God's Favour and Justification; but in the Gospel-Covenant God's Love and Favou and (Water into and F of W Favor prefer Love ever Love titude venar but t Chris his C ly fi have Love Love name to pe that dien any obta Obe God perfe Effe Hea

fay, Lov of C

Goa wha

(41)

cily

enal

not

ove

fied

ject

fall

ing

is ?

eve

of

Jn-

to

ri-

ew

1 is

n-

ich

nd

n-

B

he

he

e-

ur

of

d's

ve

nt

bo

ur

f-

ot

W

of

ld

d

1-

d

Favour in Justification is first, and then our Love and Obedience follows, as the same Day that the Waters went off from the Earth and was gathered into the Sea, the Earth was adorned with Grass and Flowers, and was fruitful; so when the Deluge of Wrath goes off from the Conscience, and the Favour of God appears in Justification, then it is prefently adorned with the Graces of the Spirit and Love among the Chief of them springing up; whatever other Motive engages to Obedience here, yet Love is the most prevalent Motive, and here Gratitude influences to Obedience. In a Word, the Covenant of Works was properly conditional to us, but the Covenant of Grace, however conditional to Christ, who hath performed the whole Condition in his Obedience to the Death, yet to us it is absolutely free and unconditional. Upon what Condition have we God's Love and Favour? Does not his Love prevent all Conditions? He first loved us, his Love prevents the true proper Condition it self, namely, Christ's Obedience, for his Love sent him to perform the fame, much more does it prevent all that Men call Conditions. O, how far is our Obedience, even the Obedience of Faith, from having any Causality or proper federal Conditionality in obtaining Salvation, feeing our imperfect Love and Obedience here is not the Cause, but the Effect of God's Love and Favour partly displayed, and our perfect Love and Obedience in Heaven will be the Effect of the full Vision of his glorious Grace in Heaven, where we shall be like him, because we shall fee bim as he is.

6. Hence we may see the Blasphemy of these who say, they are Believers in Christ and yet are not Lovers of God, and who pretend to believe the Grace of God, and yet turn his Grace to lascivousness, by continuing in Enmity against him, and discover their Enmity by their ungodly Practices; the Grace of God that brings Salvation teaches us quite contrary, what the Law teaches preceptively the Gospel teaches effectively, viz to deny Ungodliness, &c. Tit. ii. 11, 12.

She is not the Spouse of Christ, but an Adulteress, that impudently abuses his Love. They can have no true Evidence of God's love to them, who have no love to him; for our Love to him is the native Result of his Love to us, We love bim because he first loved us. The Love of God discovered knocks down the natural Enmity which is the Root of all Disobedience, and influences to Love, which is the Sum of all Obedience.

7. See hence the eminent Privilege of the Saints whatever low Thoughts the World may have of them. It is an Honour to stand in the Presence of Princes. tho' but as Servants, what Honour then have all the Saints to fland with Boldness in the Presence of God and enjoy his Bosom Love? The Queen of Sheba pronounced a Bleffing on the Servants of Solomon who flood before him and heard his Wisdom, how much more bleffed are they who stand continually before the God of Solomon, hearing his Wifdom and enjoying his Love? As they are happy, fo are they fafe. Here is a fafe sweet Retreat to the Saints in all the Trials, Reproaches and Mifrepresentations they undergo in the World. When a Child is abused in the Street by Strangers, he runs with speed to the Bosom of his Father, there he makes his Complaint, and is comforted. In all the hard Cenfures and Tongue-Persecutions which the Saints meet withal in the Streets of the World, they may run to their Father, and be comforted; his Love can counterballance all the World's Frowns. O! how are they privileged beyond all the hypocritical World! Hypocrites for the most part cannot be known or differenced from Saints, in regard of their external Duty and Enjoyment, but yet while they are living in the love of their Lufts, the Saints are fweetly wrapt up in the Bosom of God's Love, they have this Meat to eat and Refreshment in the Banqueting-house, wherein others have no share.

8. Hence see where it is we may get our Enmity killed, and our Love quickened, it is even in the Love

of

of

no

an

mi

litt

109

is.

Fa

bu

Voi

18,

th

It

Gi

an

th

dr

Lo

yo

C

II

of

fo

W

ch

18

01

F

al

0

refs, of God. What is the Reason that the World have ave no Love to God? Why, they cannot believe his Love ave and Good will thro' Christ, and so they live in Enive mity. What is the Reason that Believers have so e be little love to God? Even because their Faith of his ocks love is so weak. It is by Faith we know, that God all is in Christ reconciling the World to bimself; it is by Faith, we fee the King in his Beauty, and fo cannot the but love him. It is by Faith, that we bear his ints Voice, and understand his Words of Grace, and say it em. is, the Voice of my Belowed; it is by Faith we embrace ces, the Promises, which are so many Messages of Love; the It is by Faith, we receive out of Christ's Fulness of Grace for Grace; or, as the Word may be rendered, of Love for Love. Faith breaks the Shell of the Promise, Soloand then eats the Kernel of God's Love and Grace lom, that is there. Faith is the Bucket wherewith we ntidraw, Christ is the Well, God is the Fountain, and Wif-Love is the Water that we draw; O! what get ppy, you in Christ, poor Soul whenever you go to him?

t to

Mif-

hen

runs

e he

the

the

they

Love

0!

itical

t be

their

s are

they

Ban-

Love

of

Examination. Try your State by this Doctrine, whether or not you be in a State of Favour with God, and the Objects of his Love in a special manner. How shall I know if he hath loved me? You may know it by that Fruit and Evidence of it in the Text; if he hath manifested his Love savingly to you, then you'll love him, because he hath loved you. Quest. How shall I know if I have that Love to him, that is

Can you not fay, O, I get more love to God than

I had! I never wan near him but I got a Bucketful

of Love to God; out of his Fulnels, we receive Grace

for Grace, and Love for Love. In a Word, by Faith,

we behold the Glory of the Lord as in a Glass, and are

changed into the same Image, and the Image of God

is love. O! then the little Faith that takes place in

our Day, makes little love to God and his People;

Faith and Love are like Twins that are born together,

and live and die together. Go to the Root of all our

Backslidings, and you'll find it Unbelief, an evil Heart

the

(44) the Fruit and Effect of his first loving me? Ansau. 1. If your Love to him, be fuch as is the Fruit of his Love to you, then you have been convinced of your natural Enmity, and that you never had any Love, nor could have it, unless the Lord in Love had in some measure manifested himself in his Grace. Many fpeak of their loving God all their Days, as if it were natural for them to love God; poor Things, they never faw or confidered, that they were born with a Dagger of Enmity in their Hearts against God. These that truly love him have seen their want of Love, and something of the Power and Strength of their Enmity, and got it in some measure broken in a Day of Power. 2. If you have such Love to him, as is the Fruit of his Love to you, then you have feen his Glory, and particularly the Glory of his Grace, and Love to draw out your Love towards him. Shew me thy Glory, fays Moses to God, yea, fays God, I'll make all my Goodness pass before thee. His Goodness and his Love is his Glory. If you have seen his Glory, furely you count all Things but Loss-and Dung in Comparison of bim. 3. If you have such Love, as is the Fruit of his Love, then his lovelines and excellency hath engaged you to chuse him, to chuse himfelf for your God, his Christ for your Husband, his Covenant for your Charter, his Precepts for your Rule, his People for your Companions, his Purchase for your Jointure, his Spirit for your Guide, his Promile for your Cordial, his. Glory for your Aim. you have chosen him thus, and resolve to abide by your Choice, it is a Fruit of his chufing you from Eternity: You have not chosen me first, but I have chosen you. 4. If you have such love to him, as is the Fruit of his loving you, then it is the Faith of his Love, that in a special manner will influence you to Obedience in all the Duties of Religion, If you love me keep my Commandments: Yea, the Faith of his Love will influence you to fuch a love to him, as will bring forth all the Fruits of true Love. And here I'll tell you some of the Fruits of true Love to God, by which you may try your Love to him.

mal be ' Lo and fen vio fay VOL 25 1 Sou ing ly wit ba hir fay 25

for co him with to be

los

tio

yo

bis an no

no L w

1. One

le

(45)

11

e,

in y it

d.

6

n

1. One Fruit of true Love is this, true Love will make you love to be with him on Earth, and long to be with him in Heaven. 1. On the one Hand, true Love will make you love to be with him on Earth, and this Love will make you rejoyce when he is prefent, faying, O, my Soul shall rejoyce in God my Saviour, and it will make you lament when he is absent, faying, O, that I knew where I might find him; you'll love to be with him in your Defire, faying, He is the Defire of all Nations, and the Defire of my Soul; you'll love to be with him in your Delight, faying, A Bundle of Myrrh is my Beloved to me, be shall ly all Night betwixt my Breasts; you'll love to be with him in your Walk and Conversation, defiring to bave your Conversation in Heaven, and to walk with him; you'll love to be with him in your Esteem, faying, Whom have I in Heaven but thee, and there is none in Earth that I defire besides thee; you'll love to be with him in your Thoughts and Meditations, faying, My Meditation of him shall be sweet; you'll love to be with him in your Duties and Performances, in reading and hearing, and finging, in communicating, in praying; you'll love to be with him, and to have him with you; particularly to be with him in Prayer is the most frequent Thing with the Believer, how does he love to embosom himself to his God. The Legalist may do the Duty, but to be with Christ in it, is what he is not much taken up with; the Believer is taken up with Prayer as a Mean of Communion with God. O, I dow not bide away from him, tho' he shut the Door upon me, and cover himself with a Cloud, that my Prayer cannot pass through; I dow not stay away from him. It is one of the main Things that makes Earth tolerable to the Believer, that he hath sometimes Access to God in Christ by the Spirit in Prayer. If it were not for some sweet Meetings that he hath with the Lord this Way, he would even be crying, O what a weary place is this Earth! O let me out of it! I fay the true Lover loves to be with God, and to have God with him. How does he love to have God with him?

(46)

him? By his fanctifying Grace, by his enlightning, enlarging, enlivening, and comforting Grace. True Lovers love one anothers Company. And, 2. As the true Lover of Christ loves to be with him here, so on the other Hand, he longs to be with him hereafter. O, to be in the place of persect Love, where there will be an eternal Emanation of the Love of God; O, to be in the Place of perfect Likenels to Christ, For when he shall appear, we shall be like bim, for we shall see him as be is. Tho' they are reconciled to his Will, and made content to abide here, while he pleases, yet they are even longing for that Day, when they shall have the immediate Fruition of him, and be delivered from all Sin; they defire to be dissolved, and to be with Christ which is best of all. A carnal Man may fay, O, to be out of an ill World; but the Heart of the true Lover fays, O, to be with Christ. It is true, when the Believer's Love is in fresh Exercise, he will even sometime be willing to abide in this World, notwithstanding of all the Troubles and Trials that are in it, if so be he may glorify God in it, whether by fuffering for him, or giving a Testimony against Sin, and for the Truth and Honour of the Lord Jelus. O, if I may be of any Use to any of thine, if I may be of any Service to thy Majesty, and glorify thee by doing or suffering; if thou will help me to ferve and honour thee in my Life, let me even beg from Door to Door in the Wilderness; through Grace I'll cheerfully endure any Trouble, and glory in my Infirmities, That the Power of Christ may rest upon me. This Submission is not inconsistent with his longing to be with the Lord. Thus, I say, true Lovers of God, they love to be with him on Earth, and long to be with him in Heaven.

2. True Love will make you long to be like him, faying, O, to be holy as God is holy, O, to be conform to the Image of his Son, O, to be like unto Christ. Indeed the Man that hath most of the Image of God, will readily see himself the most unlike to him, and look opon himself as the most unholy Person on Earth.

O, my Will yet for diffcor former him Thin mage

Aim:
living
dom,
The
on t
the
Mec
Life
hav
the
Life
dra
her

have loughing the the

Bel

Hu

fe F Je O, my Understanding is like a dark Dungeon, my Will is like a Devil, and my Heart like a Hell; and yet something of the Light of God it is that thus difcovers him to himself, so unlike to God, and fomething of the Love of God it is that makes him love to be like him, and defire above all Things to be quit of Sin, which is the Devil's Image, and to be indued with Holiness, which is

God's Image.

ue

he

fo

e-

re of

10

77 ,

n-

e,

at

n

re

ft

n

),

8

e

of

10

1,

h

of

e

-

e

n

-

1

-

3. True Love will make you love to live upon him: You'll love to live upon God the Fountain of living Water, and love to live upon Christ for Wifdom, Righteousness, Sanctification, and Redemption. The Lover of God is one that loves to live by Faith. on the Son of God; to him to live is Christ, Christ is the Alpha and Omega of his Life, the Food and Medicine of his Life, the Author and Restorer of his Life, and the whole Buliness of his Life. have little Bufiness with Christ; but the true Believer, the true Lover, Christ is the whole Business of his Life; like the Woman that, they fay, took the Body of her dead Husband and grind it to Powder, and drank the Powder in her daily Drink, and so made her Body a living Tomb for her dead Husband; the Believer is to live still upon a dead and crucified Husband.

4. True Love to God will make you love to reverence him; godly Fear is a true Mark of Love, you'll have a holy Fear of displeasing him, you'll have a jealous Fear, lest your deceitful Heart lead you aside from him. We receiving a Kingdom that cannot be moved, &c. Heb. xii. 28. For our God is a confuming Fire. All this is inconfistent with the flavish Fear of Hell: For the Faith of receiving the Kingdom that cannot be moved; and the Fear of Hell, which is a being excluded from that Kingdom, are contradictory; but let us Fear our God in Christ, who hath discovered himfelf in Christ to be even a consuming Fire; for this Fire of infinite Justice took hold of the Man Christ Jesus. When God dwelling in the Bush of our Naci ture, the Bush burned in the Flame of Divine Wrath, and

and Justice was satisfied this Way; herein God gave a more awful Instance of his being a consuming Fire, in taking Vengeance upon Sin in the Surety, than can be given by all the Flames of Hell, in which the Wicked will burn for Eternity. But here God being in the Bush, the Bush burnt, but was not consumed; He that was dead is alive, and behold be liveth for evermore. But we may turn aside and see this great Sight, the Bush burning, Christ satisfying Divine Justice; and what in the World should more influence to a holy Fear than this.

5. True Love will make you love to think well of him, and think no Evil of him. Love thinketh no Evil, fays the Apostle, you will entertain good Thoughts of God, and construct all he does in the

best Sense; tho' in Affliction a Saint may have harsh Thoughts of God, and under a Fit of Temptation, yet habitually he entertains good Thoughts of all God's Dealings towards him; this or that Dispensation or Affliction, however severe, is either to mortify some Lust, or to exercise some Grace, or to discover some Corruption, and remove it. "O, how good is he that will not let me alone in my Sins, nor let me go with my Faults, nor cease to be a Reprover;

Love thinks no Evil."

6. True Love will make you love what he loves. and hate what he hates, and also love as he loves, and hates as he hates. 1. True Love will make you love what he loves, and hate what he hates; and particularly they love his Friends, and hate his Enemies. 1. They love his Friends, his Friends in Office, and his Friends in Heart. 1. His Friends in Office, his Ministers, whose Office it is to commend Christ; surely they that love God, will love his Friends; they that love Christ the Bridegroom, will love the Friends of the Bridegroom, whole Work it is to fet him forth. How beautiful, Rom. x. 15. upon the Mountains, &c. The Reason why they love such, is, Because it is their Work, to open Christ's Love-letter that is fent to his Bride, and to read it, and explain it to the Bride, and because they love the sweet Doctrine of the Gospel. Some

Som Lau Tuft fufp they prea ther fom they If yo they to th they all is the ! then The in O are bim the Hory feen, Ghil have of the tho' and in a of C Foes with Ener Wor gries that Dru

of G

at le

Wic

(49)

ve re,

an he

ng

1:

or

at

ne

u-

of

no

bc

he

fh

n.

all

n-

1-

if-

W

or

r ;

es,

nd

ve

u-

his

ni-

ely

at

of

th.

cc.

eir

his

nd

sel.

me

Some pretend a great love to the Precepts of the Law, but for the Doctrine of the Gospel, and free Justification without the Works of the Law, they suspect that as Antinomian Stuff, opposite to the Law; they will mock at Christ's Messengers when they preach the Doctrine of Grace. But I feek no further Evidence of an Enemy to Christ than that; some love all Preachers, and all Preaching alike, they cannot discern betwixt the one and the other: If you preach the Doctrine of the Gospel to them, they love that; if you preach the Covenant of Works to them, and bid them do so and so, and thereupon they shall be justified before God, they love that too, all is Fish that comes in the Net with them; but the Sheep of Christ know bis Voice, and the Voice of the Shepherds that convey his Voice, and Mind to them, is sweet and beautiful, and lovely to them. 2. They love his Friends in Heart, as well as his Friends in Office; the Saints, The excellent Ones of the Earth, are thefe in ruhom is all their Delight; He that loves bim that begat, loves him that is begotten. They love the Brethren, as in the Verse following the Text. How can one fay that he loves God, whom he bath not feen, &c. ? He that loves the Parent, will love the Child; they that love God will love his Children that have his Image, as a Man will love the very Picture of the Person whom he loves; they love the Saints, tho' poor, as a Man will love Gold, tho' in a Rag. and also will love them tho' afflicted, even as Mettal in a Furnace may be loved. 2. As the true Lovers of God will love his Friends, so they will hate his Foes and Enemies, whether it be his open Enemies without, or his fecret Enemies within. 1. His open Enemies without, even all the Wicked and ungodly World; Do not I hate them that bute thee, and am grieved with them that rife up against thee? They that can delight in Fellowship with these that are Drunkards, Swearers, and Blatphemers of the Name of God, furely they cannot have the Love of God. at least in Exercise; the true Lover of God hates the Wicked as fuch. It is true, as they are the Children Of

of Adam, Bone of their Bone, and Flesh of their Flesh, as they are poor miserable Creatures like themselves, they love them with a Love of Pity; but as Enemies to God, and in Rebellion against him, they can have no Delight in them, their Company is a Burden to them. 2. As they hate his open Enemies without, fo they hate his fecret Enemies within, and these are their own Lusts and Corruptions. They bate Sin who love God, and are engaged in a Warfare against Sin, and their own Lufts. He that loves God hates Sin, whether in himself or others; he hates Sin as God's Enemy, and as that which is difpleafing and dishonouring to him, and as that which mars Communion with God, that provokes him to be angry. and unfits them for his Service. O, that loathfom, ugly Thing Sin, that Evil of Evils, and Devil of Devils: The Man pursues it to Death, and cannot rest till he get his Hands wrung, as it were, in its Heart's Blood; they have taken up Arms against it, in the Name of the Lord, and resolved never to lay them down, till it be mortified and killed. They find indeed fometimes Sin very lively and strong in them, and themselves led Captive by the Law of Sin; but this animates them so much the more to pursue it to Death; and as they hate Sin in themselves, so also in others, I beheld Transgreffors and was grieved. I would not give much for your Pretentions to Love, if you have no Zeal against Sin; Love is the Fire, Zeal is the Flame, they that love the Lord will shew forth Indignation against Sin. Thus, I say, true Lovers of God will love what he loves, and hate what he hates.

2. True Love will not only hate aubat he hates. and love what he loves, but hates as he hates, and love as he loves. I They will hate as he hates, they will hate Sin, as God hates it; I speak not of Degrees, but of Similitude. 1. God hates Sin with a natural Hatred, as opposite to his Nature, Will, and Law, and dishonouring to him; so the true Lovers of God will hate Sin with a natural Hatred;

I mea it as hono perfec they i Pfal. their hates be re hates Hatr God his S preff true Deat a par Loat that Sin and himf Hatr is, e Chri fo th ing . again Samp Tab it, a

upor him. me,

Lov Lov him

to h forg left, ves, nies ave n to out, are Sin inft ates 1 83 and omgry. athevil and rere. s alved and vely e by nuch hate anfnuch e no the forth

nates, and nates, or of with Will, true tred;

mean

overs

at he

I mean by Virtue of his new Nature, he will hate it as opposite to God's Nature and Will, and dishonouring to his God. 2. God hates Sin with a perfect Hatred, and so does the true Lover of God; they say of God's Enemies within them, as David, Pfal. exxxix 21. I hate them with a perfect Hatred, their Hatred is going on to Perfection. 3. God hates Sin with an everlasting Hatred, he will never be reconciled with it; to the true Lover of God hates Sin with an everlasting Hatred, a durable Hatred; they will never be Friends with it. 4. God hates Sin with a grievous Hatred; Sin grieves his Spirit, and is as it were a Burden to him, he is preffed under it as a Cart under Sheaves; so the true Lover is grieved with the Body of Sin and Death, and pressed under it. 5. God hates Sin with a parting Jeparating Hatred, he casts it away with Loathing and Abhorrence, being of purer Eyes than that he can behold Iniquity; so the true Lover hates Sin fo as to part with it, and feparate from it; and while he cannot get himself rid of it, he loaths himself for it. 6. God hates Sin with an avenging Hatred; he takes Vengeance upon it where ever it is, even when it was found but imputatively in Christ, he took Vengeance upon it in the Surety; fo the true Lover of God hates Sin with an avenging Hatred; yea, what Revenge does he meditate against it, 2 Cor. vii. 11. He would sometimes be at Sampson's Work, to pull down the House of that Tabernacle upon the Philistines, to be avenged upon it, and cannot rest till it be destroyed; he looks upon himself as wretched, so long as it remains with him. O wretched Man that I am, who shall deliver me, &c. Thus he hates as God hates.

2. They love as God loves. 'Tis true God's Love to them is infinite, their Love, is but finite, his Love to them is the Love of a God, their Love to him is but the Love of Creatures; yet their Love bears some Resemblance of his Love. (1.) God's Love to his Children is a remembering Love. He never forgets them, Can a Woman farget ber sucking Child,

(52

EXTR

bi

to

thy.

no

Go

his

him

ple

771147

and

his

to h

ing

wa,

Lov

all

(10

acci

Lov

love

is ar

you

18 a

E

of 1

feek

him

to y

of (

are

fay

that

Goo

does

proc

Men

the

Lov

and

&c. So true Love to God is a remembring Love; they cannot forget God, They remember his Love more than Wine. I'll never forget thy Precepts, for by them thou hast quickned me. I can never forget fuch a Word, fuch a Glance, fuch a Vifit, fuch a Day, fuch a Sermon, fuch a Bank, fuch a Brae, fuch a Chamber where God manifested himself. (2.) God's Love to his People is a hearty and cordial Love, he Loves them with all his Heart: So where true Love is, it will be with all the Heart, Soul, Mind, and Strength; as with the Heart Man believes, to with the Heart the Believer loves. (3.) God's Love to his People is a manifested Love, he does not conceal his Love but discovers it; so true Love to God will be a manifested Love, it will manifest it self, and vent it self in Prayer, in Praises, in Zeal, in Obedience, If you Lave me keep my Commandments. The true Lover will vent his Love by defiring to keep Christ's Words, keeping them in the Heart, Thy Word have I bid in my Heart, &c. keeping them in the Practice, By ordering the Conversation aright. (4.) God's Love to his People is an uniting Love, it brings them to Union with himself; so true Love to God is uniting, defires Union, and cleaves to the Lord; it affects Nearness, more and more Nearness, and still more and more and more Nearness. (5.) God's Love to his People is a prevailing Love. It had many Hindrances in its way, Mountains of Guilt, Mountains of Sin, Mountains of Provocation, yet he did not call back his Love again; even so, true Love to God, notwithstanding of Hindrances and Opposition from Earth and Hell, and Corruption within, yet is not drawn back, but labours to prevail, and will thro' Grace fight its Way thro' all Difficulties, for Love is strong as Death. (6.) God's Love to his People, is a rejaining Love, he rejoiceth in his Love; so where true Love to God is, the Man will rejoice in his Love, delight in God and Christ, and be joyful in the God of bis Salvation. (7) God's Love to his People is a resting Love, Zeph. v. 17. He Rests in his Love. When (53)

e ;

900

by

get

ha

uch

od's

rue

nd,

10

ove

on-

God

felf,

0-

nis.

to

art,

nem

gbt.

ove,

ove

to

ore

iess.

ove.

of

oca-

in ;

lin-

and

la-

Nay

atb.

ove,

e to

ight

bis

hen it

comes it never thinks of removing any more, bis is my Rest, here will I stay; to where true Love to God is, it is a refting Love, it fays return to thy Reft, O my Sout: The true Lover of God hath no other resting Place but a God in Christ. (8.) God's Love to his People, is a communicative Love. his Love inclines him, and engages him to make over himself and all that he hath for the Good of his People; fo where true Love to God is, 'tis fuch a communicative Love, that it makes the Soul give himself, and all that he is and hath to the Lord; he commits his Soul, Body and all the Concerns of his Salvation to him. (9) God's Love to his People is a distinguishing Love, he loves them above all others, fince thou wast precious in my Sight, &c. Isa. xliii. 3, 4. So their Love to him is superlative Love, they love him above all Things, and in all Things he hath the Preeminence. (10.) God's Love to his People is in Christ, they are accepted in the Beloved; so true Love to God, is a Love to God in Christ, out of Christ they cannot love him, but fear and fly from him; but in Christ he is amiable and lovely to them. Now by these Things you may try whether you love God, so as your Love is a Fruit of his first loving you.

Exhortation. Is God's Love to his People the cause of their Love to him, then be exhorted, (1.) To feek the View of God's Love to you. (2.) To render him Love for Love. (1.) Seek a View of God's Love to you, say not in your Heart, Alas, all are not loved of God, and it may be not you: But rather fay, Many are the Objects of his Love, and why not me? Why, fay you, the first Object of Faith cannot be to believe that God hath loved me? Indeed you cannot know God's Love to you till he manifest the same, and he does not manifest his Love but in Christ, in whom is proclaimed Peace on Earth and Good will towards Men, because Christ nath brought in Glory to God in the Highest; and therefore the way to know the Love of God to you, is to believe in his beloved Son, and to to believe his Love and Good-will in him;

and in coming to him the Love of God is known and believed. How do the Saints win to know the Love of God to them? It is even by believing his Love in Christ. 1 John iv 16. We have known and believed the Love that God bath to us. If you look to God out of Christ, you never see his Love to you, or any Sinner like you, but Wrath and Vengeance issued out against you: But if you look to God in Chrift, then you may fee Good-will towards Men, for God is in Christ reconciling the World to bimfelf. Why, fay you, I cannot find any Love in my Heart towards God, and therefore how can I believe his Love, or his Heart to be towards me ? Indeed, Man, you'll never Love God till you take up fomething of his Love and Goodwill towards you; your way of doing is a prepofterous Course, and a way to rob God of his Glory, to think you must love him first, and then expect that he will love you: Lay down your carnal Reasoning, and seek Grace to apprehend the Mercy of God in Christ, and that will open your Soul to let out Love towards him. Why, fay you, I fee no Ground why he should love me! there is no Cause, no Reason in the World, but all the Reason in the World, why he should not love me, and therefore how can I be perswaded of his Thoughts of Love towards me? Anfwer, God speaks Love, Mercy and Good-will towards you Man. you Woman, by this Gospel, as particularly as ever he did to any Elect Soul, the Day before he met with the Day of Power: For the general Tenders of Grace in the Gospel are to all, and as for a Cause of Love. he hath as much Caufe to fix his Love on you as ever he had upon any of the Children of Men, that is, he had no Caufe at all without himself; and if you can win to believe his Grace and Good-will towards you, and that by a Faith of his own Operation, you shall not be deceived. When I call you to believe thus. I am not calling you to fancy that God loves you, or to perswade your selves in a natural way; nay, I call you to a faving Faith, which I know you can never attain unto without a pull of Omnipotency, and if that

O wire los the mi

fu ca the sha an I t

to

in you mo

for for the this con En

G

Lui it is won I re

Wi do, to c Fait bar

God Sha

(55)

and

ove

wed

out

inst

may

can-

and

rt to

God

rous

hink

will

feek

brift,

vards

nould

orld,

d not

ed of

God

Man,

ever

with

Grace

Love,

ou as

if you

wards

n, you

thus,

ou, or

I call

if that

Power

Power accompany the Call, then the Duty called to will be put in Practice, and not otherwife; therefore O! feek the Power of God to perswade you of the Goodwill of God in Christ. All that hear me are obliged to receive Christ as a Token of God's Love, For God fo loved the World, that be guve his only begotten Son, that who soever believeth on him, and receiveth him, might not perift, &c. He that believeth shall be faved, be that believeth not shall be damned. If there be insuperable Difficulties and Objections in your way, I cannot help it; the God who calls you can remove them, but it is at your Peril, if you reject his Call, you shall never have it to say in Hell that the Good-will and Favour of God was never proclaim'd to you, for I take the Mountains and Hills that are in your View to Witness, that I proclaim thro' Christ, Peace on Earth, and Good-will towards Men, and that, God is in Christ reconciling the World to bimself. Why would you have the greatest Sinner, and vilest Debauchee among us all to believe the Love and Good-will of God towards them? Answer, While you're in a finful State, you're indeed under the Wrath and Curse of God; and if you continue therein, you'll be damned for ever as fure as God lives, and you'll continue therein for ever, unless you come to get the Apprehension of the Mercy of God in Christ: But whenever you get this Apprehension of God's Love, then I defy you to continue in a State of Sin, or in a Course of Sin and Enmity. Will a Man receive Christ and believe the Love of God in him, and yet keep fast hold of his Lusts? Nay I defy him, it is impossible, and therefore it is to kill your Enmity and destroy your Sin that God would have you to believe his Good-will in Chrift. I remember that Story of a godly Man that faid to a Witch, when nothing elfe could foften her Heart, I do, fays he, in the Name of the Lord Jesus, charge you to come to Christ for Salvation, to come to him for Faith, Repentance, and Remission of Sin, and you shall bave Acceptance, and be received into the Favour of God in him; the poor Wretch was made to fay, O Sir! Shall I believe your Words? My Life for you, fays he,

(58) Channel.

Ghoft; Christ is the Channel, Love in the Father is like Honey in the Flower, it must be in the Comb, before it be for our Use, Christ must extract and prepare this Honey for us. And O, how fweet is that Love, that runs thro' fuch a Channel In a Word, Confider, the Excellency of the Grace of Love. Love to God is the fulfilling of the Law, all that it requires is Love; Love is the great Qualification of the Saints above; the more Love you have, the more like Heaven will you be, and the more Love the more Meetness for Heaven: Heaven would be a Burden, and a Weariness to you; if you had not Love you would throw your felf out of Heaven into Hell. If you have Love you will find it make every Duty pleafant, the Obedience of Love is sweet Obedience. Yea, Love will make all your Crosses to be Comforts; where there is little or no Love, the Crofs is unsupportable; the Man crys, O, a bitter Cross! O, the Gall and Wormwood! Yea, but Love would be like the Tree cast into the Waters of Marab, to make them become sweet, If you have much Love it will make you fay of Affliction, O, this is the Cup that my kind Father hath put in my Hand, And shall I not drink it? Welcome whatever he fends. O love the Lord ye his Saints, and manifest your Love by your Obedience; will you render him Hatred for Love? O, let his Love to you warm your Heart with Love to him, and in order thereto, 1. O do not doubt of his Love to you, beware of renouncing that which engages you to love him; it is the Devil's great Aim to have you doubting God's Love, that so you may not love God again. 2. Attend all his Love Vifits, and thankfully receive them; think not little of his ordinary Visits, when in any Measure he manifests his Love thro'the Lattices of Ordinances; defpile not the Day of small Things, and especially, O make much of his extraordinary Love Vifits, when he mounts you up at any Time into the Chariot paved with Love. 3. Take heed of abusing his Love, beware of spoting your Garments with the Flesh, after God has spread his Skirt over you: To Sin against Love is a dreadfully aggravated Sin. It was a foul blot upon Solom After bim to in the fluenc confi dienc the (If hi your you. God bidi and Go not dos bre be Ba kn

614

yo

(59

T is

be-

are

ve,

er,

dis

e;

e;

vill

10

11-

W

Le

e-

ill

is

in

11

e

lf

t

e

d

-

1

2

Solomon that his Heart was turned from the Lord, After that the Lord God of Ifrael had appeared to bim twice, I Kings xi. 9. 4. Beware of Confidence in the Flesh, and expecting that your Love should influence God to do you Good; the Love of Christ must constrain you; think not that your Duties and Obedience should constrain him. O beware of inverting the Gospel at this Rate, and turning it upside down. If his Love excite you to Love and Obedience, then your Love and Obedience does not excite him to love you. We might fear every Day that the Heart of God would be turned to hate us, if our Hopes of abiding in his Favour were built upon our best Love and Obedience. I would fend away the Haters of God with a Word of Terror. Know that if you cannot be persuaded to the Love of God, if his Love does not break you in Time, his Vengeance will break you to Eternity. The Enemies of the Lord Shall be like the Fat of Rams, they shall confume, into Smoak fall they consume away. If you love not Christ, know what the Apostle says, If any Man love not our Lord fesus Chrift, let bim be Anathema. I'll tell you what is faid, The Day is coming, wherein you (ball fay to the Rocks and Mountains, fall on us, &c. You'll ly for ever under the fiery Mountain of Divine Vengeance. I'll tell you what is yet fadder, and you'll think strange what that can be; in short it is fad, that before this Day eight Days, all that I am faying will be forgotten. Yea, before the Morrow at this Time, the Impression of all will be gone, &c. I would fend away the Lovers of Chrift, the Lovers of God with a Word of Comfort. You love God, at d God loves you, and God's Love to you is Ground of Comfort. 1. In what you have; what you have in Possession, you have it with a Blessing, what you have in Expectation in the Promise, is in Love; and therefore the Promise is free, because of God's Love in it; the Promise is firm, because of his Love in it. Comfort, 2. In what you want; fince you have God's Love, you shall not want. Comfort in what you fear, you need not fear no Evil, &c. Comfort in what you T 60 1

you do, All your Services will be accepted, all your Sins pardoned, tho' he should take Vengeance on your Inventions. Comfort in what you fuffer, you shall be fustained and supported; and the you may suffer the Loss of Gifts, Goods, Liberty, Life, yet you cannot loss God, Christ, the Spirit, Grace, Heaven, or God's everlasting Love. O go away with the comfortable Sense of his Love. In a Word, Are you Lovers of God? O go away rejoicing in it, that he first loved you; he is not behind Hand with you, be loved you before you loved him. You was elected by the Grace of God from Eternity; you was redeemed by the Blood of Christ, you're certainly effectually called : For they that love bim, are the called according to bis Purpofe; and the Day comes, when you shall enjoy the Object of your Love in a full Manner. If you be true lovers of Christ, I-certify you the Time is coming, when you shall see Christ as he is, and be for ever with the Lord, and enjoy him for evermore, and love without Decay, and love without Wearying shall be your everlasting Exercise: You shall rejoice in an immediate Enjoyment of him. You were upon his Heart from Eternity; You are upon his Heart this Day in Heaven, for you his Eternal Son came to the World, for you he lived, for you he died, your love to Christ is a Reflex of his and his Father's love to you; and not a true lover of Christ here, but hath as good Ground to fay as ever Paul had, He loved me, and gave bimfelf for me; your love to him is an infallible Pledge of his antient love to you, a Pledge of his present love to you, and a Pledge of the future Enjoyment of him. O let your Heart, and Life, and Tongue, and all that is within you, and without you, and about you, vent love to him, and fay, We love bim, because be first loved us.

FINIS.



